# Senior Course Guide

Year 11 2025 Year 12 2026









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# Introduction

The purpose of this guide is to provide students and parents/carers with a comprehensive list of, Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority (QCAA) subjects that will be offered to Year 11 students at Smithfield State High School.

The information contained in this guide is a summary of the approved General, Applied and Vocational Certificate subjects.

# **Senior Education Profile**

Students in Queensland are issued with a Senior Education Profile (SEP) upon completion of senior studies. This profile may include a:

- Senior Statement
- Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)
- Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA).

For more information about the SEP see www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-and-qualifications/sep.

# Senior Statement

The Senior Statement is a transcript of a student's learning account. It shows all QCE-contributing studies and the results achieved that may contribute to the award of a QCE.

If a student has a Senior Statement, then they have satisfied the completion requirements for Year 12 in Queensland.

# **Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)**

Students may be eligible for a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) at the end of their senior schooling. Students who do not meet the QCE requirements can continue to work towards the certificate post-secondary schooling. The QCAA awards a QCE in the following July or December, once a student becomes eligible. Learning accounts are closed after nine years; however, a student may apply to the QCAA to have the account reopened and all credit continued.

# Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA)

The Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA) reports the learning achievements of eligible students who complete an individual learning program. At the end of the senior phase of learning, eligible students achieve a QCIA. These students have the option of continuing to work towards a QCE post-secondary schooling.

# Senior subjects

The QCAA develops five types of senior subject syllabuses — Applied, General, General (Extension), General (Senior External Examination) and Short Course. Results in Applied and General subjects contribute to the award of a QCE and may contribute to an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) calculation, although no more than one result in an Applied subject can be used in the calculation of a student's ATAR.

Typically, it is expected that most students will complete these courses across Years 11 and 12. All subjects build on the P–10 Australian Curriculum.

For more information about specific subjects, schools, students and parents/carers are encouraged to access the relevant senior syllabuses at www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/subjects-from-2024 and, for Senior External Examinations, www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/see

## Applied syllabuses

Applied subjects are suited to students who are primarily interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training or work.

## General syllabuses

General subjects are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead primarily to tertiary studies and to pathways for vocational education and training and work.

# General (Extension) syllabuses

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the related General course.

Extension courses offer more challenge than the related General courses and build on the studies students have already undertaken in the subject.

# **Underpinning factors**

All senior syllabuses are underpinned by:

- literacy the set of knowledge and skills about language and texts essential for understanding and conveying content
- numeracy the knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that students need to use
  mathematics in a wide range of situations, to recognise and understand the role of
  mathematics in the world, and to develop the dispositions and capacities to use mathematical
  knowledge and skills purposefully.

# Applied syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, Applied syllabuses are underpinned by:

- applied learning the acquisition and application of knowledge, understanding and skills in real-world or lifelike contexts
- community connections the awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions by connecting classroom experience with the world outside the classroom
- 21st century skills the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy.

## General syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, General syllabuses are underpinned by:

 21st century skills — the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy.

# Vocational education and training (VET)

Students can access VET programs through the school if it:

- is a registered training organisation (RTO)
- has a third-party arrangement with an external provider who is an RTO
- offers opportunities for students to undertake school-based apprenticeships or traineeships.

# QCE eligibility

To receive a QCE, students must achieve 20 credits of learning, at the set standard, in a set pattern, while meeting literacy and numeracy requirements. Contributing courses of study include QCAA-developed subjects or courses, vocational education and training (VET) qualifications and other recognised courses. Typically, students will study six subjects/courses across Years 11 and 12. Many students choose to include vocational education and training (VET) courses in their QCE pathway and some may also wish to extend their learning through university courses or other recognised study. In some cases, students may start VET or other courses in Year 10.

Students can find more information about QCE eligibility requirements, example pathways and how to plan their QCE on the myQCE website at https://myqce.qcaa.qld.edu.au/your-qce-pathway/planning-your-pathway.

# Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) eligibility

The calculation of an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) will be based on a student's:

- best five scaled General subject results or
- best results in a combination of four General subject results plus an Applied subject result or a Certificate III or higher VET qualification.

The Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre (QTAC) has responsibility for ATAR calculations.

# **English requirement**

Eligibility for an ATAR will require satisfactory completion of a QCAA English subject.

Satisfactory completion will require students to attain a result that is equivalent to a C Level of Achievement in one of five subjects — English, Essential English, Literature, English and Literature Extension or English as an Additional Language.

While students must meet this standard to be eligible to receive an ATAR, it is not mandatory for a student's English result to be included in the calculation of their ATAR.

# Applied syllabuses

Syllabuses are designed for teachers to make professional decisions to tailor curriculum and assessment design and delivery to suit their school context and the goals, aspirations and abilities of their students within the parameters of Queensland's senior phase of learning.

In this way, the syllabus is not the curriculum. The syllabus is used by teachers to develop curriculum for their school context. The term course of study describes the unique curriculum and assessment that students engage with in each school context. A course of study is the product of a series of decisions made by a school to select, organise and contextualise units, integrate complementary and important learning, and create assessment tasks in accordance with syllabus specifications.

It is encouraged that, where possible, a course of study is designed such that teaching, learning and assessment activities are integrated and enlivened in an authentic applied setting.

# Course structure

Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses are four-unit courses of study.

The syllabuses contain QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Units and assessment have been written so that they may be studied at any stage in the course. All units have comparable complexity and challenge in learning and assessment. However, greater scaffolding and support may be required for units studied earlier in the course.

Each unit has been developed with a notional time of 55 hours of teaching and learning, including assessment.

#### Curriculum

Applied syllabuses set out only what is essential while being flexible so teachers can make curriculum decisions to suit their students, school context, resources and expertise.

Schools have autonomy to decide:

- which four units they will deliver
- · how and when the subject matter of the units will be delivered
- how, when and why learning experiences are developed, and the context in which the learning will occur
- how opportunities are provided in the course of study for explicit and integrated teaching and learning of complementary skills such as literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills
- how the subject-specific information found in this section of the syllabus is enlivened through the course of study.

Giving careful consideration to each of these decisions can lead teachers to develop units that are rich, engaging and relevant for their students.

#### **Assessment**

Applied syllabuses set out only what is essential while being flexible so teachers can make assessment decisions to suit their students, school context, resources and expertise.

Applied syllabuses contain assessment specifications and conditions for the two assessment instruments that must be implemented with each unit. These specifications and conditions ensure comparability, equity and validity in assessment.

Schools have autonomy to decide:

- · specific assessment task details within the parameters mandated in the syllabus
- · assessment contexts to suit available resources
- how the assessment task will be integrated with teaching and learning activities
- how authentic the task will be?

Teachers make A–E judgments on student responses for each assessment instrument using the relevant instrument-specific standards. In the final two units studied, the QCAA uses a student's results for these assessments to determine an exit result.

More information about assessment in Applied senior syllabuses is available in Section 7.3.1 of the QCE and QCIA policy and procedures handbook.

## Essential English and Essential Mathematics — Common internal

#### assessment

For the two Applied (Essential) syllabuses, students complete a total of four summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4 that count toward their overall subject result. Schools develop three of the summative internal assessments for each of these subjects and the other summative assessment is a common internal assessment (CIA) developed by the QCAA.

The CIA for Essential English and Essential Mathematics is based on the learning described in Unit 3 of the respective syllabus. The CIA is:

- · developed by the QCAA
- · common to all schools
- · delivered to schools by the QCAA
- administered flexibly in Unit 3
- · administered under supervised conditions
- marked by the school according to a common marking scheme developed by the QCAA.

The CIA is not privileged over the other summative internal assessment.

# Summative internal assessment — instrument-specific standards

The Essential English and Essential Mathematics syllabuses provide instrument-specific standards for the three summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4.

The instrument-specific standards describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

# General syllabuses

# **Course overview**

General syllabuses are developmental four-unit courses of study.

Units 1 and 2 provide foundational learning, allowing students to experience all syllabus objectives and begin engaging with the course subject matter. It is intended that Units 1 and 2 are studied as a pair. Assessment in Units 1 and 2 provides students with feedback on their progress in a course of study and contributes to the award of a QCE.

Students should complete Units 1 and 2 before starting Units 3 and 4.

Units 3 and 4 consolidate student learning. Assessment in Units 3 and 4 is summative and student results contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

## Assessment

#### Units 1 and 2 assessments

Schools decide the sequence, scope and scale of assessments for Units 1 and 2. These assessments should reflect the local context. Teachers determine the assessment program, tasks and marking guides that are used to assess student performance for Units 1 and 2.

Units 1 and 2 assessment outcomes provide feedback to students on their progress in the course of study. Schools should develop at least two but no more than four assessments for Units 1 and 2. At least one assessment must be completed for each unit.

Schools report satisfactory completion of Units 1 and 2 to the QCAA, and may choose to report levels of achievement to students and parents/carers using grades, descriptive statements or other indicators.

#### Units 3 and 4 assessments

Students complete a total of four summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General subject.

Schools develop three internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

#### Instrument-specific marking guides

Each syllabus provides instrument-specific marking guides (ISMGs) for summative internal assessments.

The ISMGs describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

Schools cannot change or modify an ISMG for use with summative internal assessment.

As part of quality teaching and learning, schools should discuss ISMGs with students to help them understand the requirements of an assessment task.

#### **External assessment**

External assessment is summative and adds valuable evidence of achievement to a student's profile. External assessment is:

- common to all schools
- administered under the same conditions at the same time and on the same day
- developed and marked by the QCAA according to a commonly applied marking scheme.

The external assessment contributes a determined percentage (see specific subject guides — assessment) to the student's overall subject result and is not privileged over summative internal assessment.

# **General (Extension) syllabuses**

# **Course overview**

- Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and include external assessment. Extension subjects are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the General course of study.
- Extension syllabuses are courses of study that consist of two units (Units 3 and 4).
- Subject matter, learning experiences and assessment increase in complexity across the two units as students develop greater independence as learners.
- The results from Units 3 and 4 contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.
- **Note:** In the case of Music Extension, this subject has three syllabuses, one for each of the specialisations Composition, Musicology and Performance.

## Assessment

#### Units 3 and 4 assessments

Students complete a total of *four* summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General (Extension) subject.

Schools develop *three* internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

# **QCAA** senior syllabuses

English  Applied  • Essential English General  • English  • Literature General (Extension)  • English & Literature Extension	Sciences  Applied  • Aquatic Practices General  • Biology  • Chemistry  • Marine Science  • Physics
Health & Physical Education  Applied • Sport & Recreation (Outdoor Education)  General Health Physical Education	Technologies  Applied  • Engineering Skills  • Furnishing Skills  • Industrial Graphics Skills  General  • Design  • Food & Nutrition
Humanities  Applied  Social & Community Studies General  Accounting Ancient History Economics Legal Studies Modern History Philosophy & Reason	The Arts  Applied  • Media Arts in Practice (Photography)  • Music in Practice  • Visual Arts in Practice (Art)  General  • Drama  • Film, Television & New Media  • Music  • Visual Art  General (Extension)  • Music Extension
Mathematics Applied	Certificates  • SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness • HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services • HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance • SIT20322 Certificate II in Hospitality • SIS20115 Certificate II in Sport and Recreation • SIT20122 Certificate II in Tourism • BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills

# **Essential English**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

The subject Essential English develops and refines students' understanding of language, literature and literacy to enable them to interact confidently and effectively with others in everyday, community and social contexts. The subject encourages students to recognise language and texts as relevant in their lives now and in the future and enables them to understand, accept or challenge the values and attitudes in these texts.

Students have opportunities to engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster:

- skills to communicate confidently and effectively in Standard Australian English in a variety of contemporary contexts and social situations, including everyday, social, community, further education and work-related contexts
- skills to choose generic structures, language, language features and technologies to best convey meaning
- skills to read for meaning and purpose, and to use, critique and appreciate a range of contemporary literary and non-literary texts
- effective use of language to produce texts for a variety of purposes and audiences
- creative and imaginative thinking to explore their own world and the worlds of others
- active and critical interaction with a range of texts, and an awareness of how language positions both them and others
- empathy for others and appreciation of different perspectives through a study of a range of texts from diverse cultures, including Australian texts by Aboriginal writers and/or Torres Strait Islander writers
- enjoyment of contemporary literary and non-literary texts, including digital texts.

# **Pathways**

A course of study in Essential English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

# **Objectives**

- use patterns and conventions of genres to suit particular purposes and audiences
- use appropriate roles and relationships with audiences
- construct and explain representations of identities, places, events and/or concepts
- make use of and explain opinions and/or ideas in texts, according to purpose
- explain how language features and text structures shape meaning and invite particular responses
- select and use subject matter to support perspectives
- sequence subject matter and use mode-appropriate cohesive devices to construct coherent texts
- make language choices according to register informed by purpose, audience and context
- use mode-appropriate language features to achieve particular purposes across modes.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Language that works  Responding to texts  Creating texts	Texts and human experiences  Responding to texts  Creating texts	Language that influences  Creating and shaping perspectives on community, local and global issues in texts  Responding to texts that seek to influence audiences	Representations and popular culture texts  Responding to popular culture texts  Creating representations of Australian identifies, places, events and concepts

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Spoken response	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Multimodal response
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Common internal assessment (CIA)	Summative internal assessment (IA4):  • Written response

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

# **English**

# **General senior subject**

General

The subject English focuses on the study of both literary texts and non-literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied texts.

Students have opportunities to engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster:

- skills to communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating literary and non-literary texts
- skills to make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies
  for participating actively in literary analysis and the creation of texts in a range of modes,
  mediums and forms, for a variety of purposes and audiences
- enjoyment and appreciation of literary and non-literary texts, the aesthetic use of language, and style
- creative thinking and imagination, by exploring how literary and non-literary texts shape perceptions of the world and enable us to enter the worlds of others
- critical exploration of ways in which literary and non-literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences
- empathy for others and appreciation of different perspectives through studying a range of literary and non-literary texts from diverse cultures and periods, including Australian texts by Aboriginal writers and/or Torres Strait Islander writers.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

# **Objectives**

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin
  texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- · make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Perspectives and texts  Texts in contexts  Language and textual analysis  Responding to and creating texts	Texts and culture  Texts in contexts  Language and textual analysis  Responding to and creating texts	Conversations about issues in texts     Conversations about concepts in texts.	Close study of literary texts  Creative responses to literary texts  Critical responses to literary texts

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Summative assessments** 

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Spoken persuasive response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination — extended response	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Written response for a public audience	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — extended response	25%	

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions.

# Literature

# **General senior subject**

General

The subject Literature focuses on the study of literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied literary texts.

Students have opportunities to engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster:

- skills to communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating literary texts
- skills to make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies to
  participate actively in the dialogue and detail of literary analysis and the creation of imaginative
  and analytical texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms
- enjoyment and appreciation of literary texts and the aesthetic use of language, and style
- creative thinking and imagination by exploring how literary texts shape perceptions of the world and enable us to enter the worlds of others
- critical exploration of ways in which literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences
- empathy for others and appreciation of different perspectives through studying a range of literary texts from diverse cultures and periods, including Australian texts by Aboriginal writers and/or Torres Strait Islander writers.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Literature promotes

open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

# **Objectives**

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin
  texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- · make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Introduction to literary studies  • Ways literary texts are received and responded to  • How textual choices affect readers  • Creating analytical and imaginative texts	<ul> <li>Intertextuality</li> <li>Ways literary texts connect with each other — genre, concepts and contexts</li> <li>Ways literary texts connect with each other — style and structure</li> <li>Creating analytical and imaginative texts</li> </ul>	Literature and identity  Relationship between language, culture and identity in literary texts  Power of language to represent ideas, events and people  Creating analytical and imaginative texts	Independent explorations  Dynamic nature of literary interpretation  Close examination of style, structure and subject matter  Creating analytical and imaginative texts

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Summative assessments** 

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Imaginative response	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Imaginative response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — extended response	25%

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions.

# **English & Literature Extension (Year 12 only)**

# **General senior subject**

General

English & Literature Extension is an extension of both the English (2019) and the Literature (2019) syllabuses and should be read in conjunction with those syllabuses. To study English & Literature Extension, students should have completed Units 1 and 2 of either English or Literature. In Year 12, students undertake Units 3 and 4 of English & Literature Extension concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of English and/or Units 3 and 4 of Literature. The English & Literature Extension course offers more challenge than other English courses and builds on the literature study students have already undertaken.

By offering students the opportunity to specialise in the theorised study of literature, English & Literature Extension provides students with ways they might understand themselves and the potential that literature has to expand the scope of their experiences. The subject assists students to ask critical questions about cultural assumptions, implicit values and differing world views encountered in an exploration of social, cultural and textual understandings about literary texts and the ways they might be interpreted and valued.

In English & Literature Extension, students apply different theoretical approaches to analyse and evaluate a variety of literary texts and different ways readers might interpret these texts. They synthesise different interpretations and relevant theoretical approaches to produce written and spoken extended analytical and evaluative texts. The nature of the learning in this subject provides opportunities for students to work independently on intellectually challenging tasks.

# **Pathways**

A course of study in English & Literature Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of

fields, and can lead to a range of careers in areas where understanding social, cultural and textual influences on ways of viewing

the world is a key element, such as law, journalism, media, arts, curating, education, policy and human resources. It also provides

a good introduction to the academic

disciplines and fields of study that involve

the application of methodologies based on theoretical understandings.

# **Objectives**

- demonstrate understanding of literary texts studied to develop interpretation/s
- demonstrate understanding of different theoretical approaches to exploring meaning in texts
- demonstrate understanding of the relationships among theoretical approaches
- apply different theoretical approaches to literary texts to develop and examine interpretations
- analyse how different genres, structures and textual features of literary texts support different interpretations
- use appropriate patterns and conventions of academic genres and communication, including correct terminology, citation and referencing conventions
- use textual features in extended analytical responses to create desired effects for specific audiences

- evaluate theoretical approaches used to explore different interpretations of literary texts
- evaluate interpretations of literary texts, making explicit the theoretical approaches that underpin them
- synthesise analysis of literary texts, theoretical approaches and interpretations with supporting evidence.

To study English & Literature Extension, students should have completed Units 1 and 2 of either English or Literature. In Year 12, students undertake Units 3 and 4 of English & Literature Extension concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of English and/or Units 3 and 4 of Literature.

Unit 3	Unit 4
Ways of reading     Readings and defences     Defence of a complex transformation	Exploration and evaluation     Extended academic research paper     Theorised exploration of texts

#### Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  Reading and defence	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Academic research paper	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Defence of a complex transformation	20%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — extended response	25%

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

# **Sport & Recreation (Outdoor Education)**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

Sport and recreation activities are a part of the fabric of Australian life and are an intrinsic part of Australian culture. These activities can encompass social and competitive sport, aquatic and community recreation, fitness and outdoor recreation. For many people, sport and recreation activities form a substantial component of their leisure time. Participation in sport and recreation can make positive contributions to a person's wellbeing.

Sport and recreation activities also represent growth industries in Australia, providing many employment opportunities, many of which will be directly or indirectly associated with hosting Commonwealth, Olympic and Paralympic Games. The skills developed in Sport & Recreation may be oriented toward work, personal fitness or general health and wellbeing. Students will be involved in learning experiences that allow them to develop their interpersonal abilities and encourage them to appreciate and value active involvement in sport and recreational activities, contributing to ongoing personal and community development throughout their lives.

Sport is defined as activities requiring physical exertion, personal challenge and skills as the primary focus, along with elements of competition. Within these activities, rules and patterns of behaviour governing the activity exist formally through organisations. Recreation activities are defined as active pastimes engaged in for the purpose of relaxation, health and wellbeing and/or enjoyment and are recognised as having socially worthwhile qualities. Active recreation requires physical exertion and human activity. Physical activities that meet these classifications can include active play and minor games, challenge and adventure activities, games and sports, lifelong physical activities, and rhythmic and expressive movement activities.

Active participation in sport and recreation activities is central to the learning in Sport & Recreation. Sport & Recreation enables students to engage in sport and recreation activities to experience and learn about the role of sport and recreation in their lives, the lives of others and the community.

Engagement in these activities provides a unique and powerful opportunity for students to experience the challenge and fun of physical activity while developing vocational, life and physical skills.

Each unit requires that students engage in sport and/or recreation activities. They investigate, plan, perform and evaluate procedures and strategies and communicate appropriately to particular audiences for particular purposes.

# **Pathways**

A course of study in Sport & Recreation can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of fitness, outdoor recreation and education, sports administration, community health and recreation and sport performance.

# **Objectives**

- Investigate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- plan activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- perform activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes

Sport & Recreation is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains 12 QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Aquatic recreation
Unit option B	Athlete development and wellbeing
Unit option C	Challenge in the outdoors
Unit option D	Coaching and officiating
Unit option E	Community recreation
Unit option F	Emerging trends in sport, fitness and recreation
Unit option G	Event management
Unit option H	Fitness for sport and recreation
Unit option I	Marketing and communication in sport and recreation
Unit option J	Optimising performance
Unit option K	Outdoor leadership
Unit option L	Sustainable outdoor recreation

#### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Sport & Recreation are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Performance	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	Performance Performance: up to 4 minutes Planning and evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	Investigation and session plan One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words  Performance Performance: up to 4 minutes  Evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words

## Fee

The cost of this course will be \$250 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions and camps are not included in this fee but are estimated to be \$215 for Year 11 and \$420 for Year 12.

# Health

# **General senior subject**

General

The Health syllabus provides students with a contextualised strengths-based inquiry of the various determinants that create and promote lifelong health, learning and active citizenship. Drawing from the health, behavioural, social and physical sciences, the Health syllabus offers students an action, advocacy and evaluation-oriented curriculum. Embedded in Health is the Health inquiry model that provides the conceptual framework for this syllabus.

The Health syllabus is developmental and becomes increasingly more complex across the four units through the use of the Health inquiry model. This syllabus is underpinned by a salutogenic (strengths-based) approach, which focuses on how health resources are accessed and enhanced. Resilience as a personal health resource in Unit 1, establishes key teaching and learning concepts, which build capacity for the depth of understanding over the course of study. Unit 2 focuses on the role and influence of peers and family as resources through one topic selected from two choices: Elective topic 1: Alcohol, or Elective topic 2: Body image. Unit 3 explores the role of the community in shaping resources through one topic selected from three choices: Elective topic 1: Homelessness, Elective topic 2: Transport safety, or Elective topic 3: Anxiety. The culminating unit challenges students to investigate and evaluate innovations that influence respectful relationships to help them navigate the post-schooling life course transition.

Health uses an inquiry approach informed by the critical analysis of health information to investigate sustainable health change at personal, peer, family and community levels. Students define and understand broad health topics, which they reframe into specific contextualised health issues for further investigation. Students plan, implement, evaluate and reflect on action strategies that mediate, enable and advocate change through health promotion.

Studying Health will highlight the value and dynamic nature of the discipline, alongside the purposeful processes and empathetic approach needed to enact change. The investigative skills required to understand complex issues and problems will enable interdisciplinary learning, and prepare students for further study and a diverse range of career pathways. The development of problem-solving and decision-making skills will serve to enable learning now and in the future.

The health industry is currently experiencing strong growth and is recognised as the largest industry for new employment in Australia, with continued expansion predicted due to ageing population trends. A demand for individualised health care services increases the need for health-educated people who can solve problems and contribute to improved health outcomes across the lifespan at individual, family, local, national and global levels. The preventive health agenda is future-focused to develop 21st century skills, empowering students to be critical and creative thinkers, with strong communication and collaboration skills equipped with a range of personal, social and ICT skills.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Health can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of health science, public health, health education, allied health, nursing and medical professions.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · recognise and describe information about health-related topics and issues
- · comprehend and use the Health inquiry model
- analyse and interpret information to draw conclusions about health-related topics and issues
- critique information to distinguish determinants that influence health status
- investigate and synthesise information to develop action strategies
- evaluate and reflect on implemented action strategies to justify recommendations that mediate, advocate and enable health promotion
- · organise information for particular purposes
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Resilience as a personal health resource	Peers and family as resources for healthy living  • Alcohol and other drugs (elective)  • Body image (elective)	Community as a resource for healthy living  • Homelessness (elective)  • Transport safety (elective)  • Anxiety (elective)	Respectful relationships in the post-schooling transition

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Action research	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — extended response	25%

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

# **Physical Education**

# General senior subject

General

The Physical Education syllabus is developmental and becomes increasingly complex across the four units. In Unit 1, students develop an understanding of the fundamental concepts and principles underpinning their learning of movement sequences and how they can enhance movement from a biomechanical perspective. In Unit 2, students broaden their perspective by determining the psychological factors, barriers and enablers that influence their performance and engagement in physical activity. In Unit 3, students enhance their understanding of factors that develop tactical awareness and influence ethical behaviour of their own and others' performance in physical activity. In Unit 4, students explore energy, fitness and training concepts and principles to optimise personal performance.

Students learn experientially through three stages of an inquiry approach to ascertain relationships between the scientific bases and the physical activity contexts. Students recognise and explain concepts and principles about and through movement, and demonstrate and apply body and movement concepts to movement sequences and movement strategies. Through their purposeful and authentic experiences in physical activities, students gather, analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies to optimise engagement and performance. They evaluate and justify strategies about and in movement by drawing on informed, reflective decision-making.

Physically educated learners develop the 21st century skills of critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, personal and social skills, collaboration and teamwork, and information and communication technologies skills through rich and diverse learning experiences about, through and in physical activity. Physical Education fosters an appreciation of the values and knowledge within and across disciplines, and builds on students' capacities to be self-directed, work towards specific goals, develop positive behaviours and establish lifelong active engagement in a wide range of pathways beyond school.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Physical Education can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of exercise science, biomechanics, the allied health professions, psychology, teaching, sport journalism, sport marketing and management, sport promotion, sport development and coaching.

# **Objectives**

- · recognise and explain concepts and principles about movement
- demonstrate specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- apply concepts to specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies about movement
- · evaluate strategies about and in movement
- · justify strategies about and in movement
- make decisions about and use language, conventions and mode-appropriate features for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Motor learning, functional anatomy and biomechanics in physical activity  Motor learning in physical activity  Functional anatomy and biomechanics in physical activity	Sport psychology and equity in physical activity  • Sport psychology in physical activity  • Equity — barriers and enablers	Tactical awareness and ethics in physical activity  Tactical awareness in physical activity  Ethics and integrity in physical activity	Energy, fitness and training in physical activity  • Energy, fitness and training integrated in physical activity

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Project — folio	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — folio	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

# **Social & Community Studies**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

Social & Community Studies fosters personal and social knowledge and skills that lead to self-management and concern for others in the broader community. It empowers students to think critically, creatively and constructively about their future role in society.

Knowledge and skills to enhance personal development and social relationships provide the foundation of the subject. Personal development incorporates concepts and skills related to self-awareness and self-management, including understanding personal characteristics, behaviours and values; recognising perspectives; analysing personal traits and abilities; and using strategies to develop and maintain wellbeing.

The focus on social relationships includes concepts and skills to assist students engage in constructive interpersonal relationships, as well as participate effectively as members of society, locally, nationally or internationally.

Students engage with this foundational knowledge and skills through a variety of topics that focus on lifestyle choices, personal finance, health, employment, technology, the arts, and Australia's place in the world, among others. In collaborative learning environments, students use an inquiry approach to investigate the dynamics of society and the benefits of working thoughtfully with others in the community, providing them with the knowledge and skills to establish positive relationships and networks, and to be active and informed citizens.

Social & Community Studies encourages students to explore and refine personal values and lifestyle choices. In partnership with families, the school community and the community beyond school, including virtual communities, schools may offer a range of contexts and experiences that provide students with opportunities to practise, develop and value social, community and workplace participation skills.

# **Pathways**

A course of study in Social & Community Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment, as it helps students develop the skills and attributes necessary in all workplaces.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · explain personal and social concepts and skills
- · examine personal and social information
- apply personal and social knowledge
- communicate responses
- · evaluate projects.

#### Structure

Social & Community Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Lifestyle and financial choices
Unit option B	Healthy choices for mind and body
Unit option C	Relationships and work environments
Unit option D	Legal and digital citizenship
Unit option E	Australia and its place in the world
Unit option F	Arts and identity

#### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Social & Community Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students develop recommendations or provide advice to address a selected issue related to the unit context.	Item of communication One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 600 words  Evaluation
		One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 4 minutes, 4 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 400 words
Extended response	Students respond to stimulus related to issue that is relevant to the unit context.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 1000 words
Investigation	Students investigate an issue relevant to the unit context by collecting and examining information to consider solutions and form a response.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 1000 words

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

# **Accounting**

# **General senior subject**

General

Accounting is a universal discipline, encompassing the successful management of financial resources of the public sector, businesses, and individuals. It is foundational to all organisations across all industries and assists in discharging accountability and financial control. Accounting is a way of systematically organising, critically analysing and communicating financial data and information for decision-making. The overarching context for this syllabus is the real-world expectation that accounting involves processing transactions to develop financial statements and reports to stakeholders. Digital technologies are integral to accounting, enabling real-time access to vital financial information.

When students study this subject, they develop an understanding of the essential role accounting plays in the successful performance of any organisation. Students learn fundamental accounting concepts in order to develop an understanding of accrual accounting, accounting for GST, managerial and accounting controls, internal and external financial statements, and analysis. Students are then ready for more complex utilisation of knowledge, allowing them to synthesise data and other financial information, evaluate practices of financial management, solve authentic accounting problems and make and communicate recommendations.

Accounting is for students with a special interest in business, commerce, entrepreneurship and the personal management of financial resources. The numerical, literacy, technical, financial, critical thinking, decision-making and problem-solving skills learned in Accounting enrich the personal and working lives of students. Problem-solving and the use of authentic and diversified accounting contexts provide opportunity for students to develop an understanding of the ethical attitudes and values required to participate more effectively and responsibly in a changing business environment.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Accounting can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of accounting, business, management, banking, finance, law, economics and commerce.

# **Objectives**

- · comprehend accounting concepts, principles and processes
- synthesise accounting principles and processes
- analyse and interpret financial data and information
- evaluate practices of financial management to make decisions and propose recommendations
- create responses that communicate meaning.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Real-world accounting  Introduction to accounting  Accounting for today's businesses	Financial reporting  • End-of-period reporting for today's businesses  • Performance analysis of a sole trader business	Managing resources Cash management Managing resources for a sole trader business	Accounting — the big picture  • Fully classified financial statement reporting and analysis for a sole trader business  • Complete accounting process for a sole trader business  • Performance analysis of a public company

## **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Project — cash management	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination — combination response	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions or competitions.

# **Ancient History**

# **General senior subject**

General

Ancient History is concerned with studying people, societies and civilisations of the Ancient World, from the development of the earliest human communities to the end of the Middle Ages. Students explore the interaction of societies and the impact of individuals and groups on ancient events and ways of life, enriching their appreciation of humanity and the relevance of the ancient past. Ancient History illustrates the development of some of the distinctive features of modern society which shape our identity, such as social organisation, systems of law, governance and religion. Ancient History highlights how the world has changed, as well as the significant legacies that continue into the present. This insight gives context for the interconnectedness of past and present across a diverse range of societies. Ancient History aims to have students think historically and form a historical consciousness. A study of the past is invaluable in providing students with opportunities to explore their fascination with, and curiosity about, stories of the past and the mysteries of human behaviour.

Throughout the course of study, students develop an understanding of historical issues and problems by interrogating the surviving evidence of ancient sites, societies, individuals, events and significant historical periods. Students investigate the problematic nature of evidence, pose increasingly complex questions about the past and develop an understanding of different and sometimes conflicting perspectives on the past. A historical inquiry process is integral to the study of Ancient History. Students use the skills of historical inquiry to investigate the past. They devise historical questions and conduct research, analyse historical sources and evaluate and synthesise evidence from sources to formulate justified historical arguments. Historical skills form the learning and subject matter provides the context. Learning in context enables the integration of historical concepts and understandings into four units of study: Investigating the Ancient World, Personalities in their times, Reconstructing the Ancient World, and People, power and authority.

A course of study in Ancient History empowers students with multi-disciplinary skills in analysing and evaluating textual and visual sources, constructing arguments, challenging assumptions, and thinking both creatively and critically. Ancient History students become knowledge creators, productive and discerning users of technology, and empathetic, open-minded global citizens.

# **Pathways**

A course of study in Ancient History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of archaeology, history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, health and social sciences, writing, academia and research.

# **Objectives**

- devise historical questions and conduct research
- · comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- analyse evidence from historical sources
- evaluate evidence from historical sources
- synthesise evidence from historical sources
- · communicate to suit purpose.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Investigating the Ancient World  • Digging up the past  • Features of ancient societies	Personalities in their time  • Personality from the Ancient World 1  • Personality from the Ancient World 2	Reconstructing the Ancient World Schools select two of the following historical periods to study in this unit:  Thebes — East and West, from the 18th to the 20th Dynasty The Bronze Age Aegean Assyria from Tiglath Pileser III to the fall of the Empire The Ancient Levant — First and Second Temple Period Persia from Cyrus II to Darius III Fifth Century Athens (BCE) Macedonian Empire from Philip II to Alexander III Rome during the Republic Early Imperial Rome from Augustus to Nero Pompeii and Herculaneum Later Han Dynasty and the Three Kingdoms The Celts and/or Roman Britain The Medieval Crusades Classical Japan until the end of the Heian Period	People, power and authority Schools select one of the following historical periods to study in this unit:  • Ancient Egypt — New Kingdom Imperialism • Ancient Greece — the Persian Wars • Ancient Greece — the Peloponnesian War • Ancient Carthage and/or Rome — the Punic Wars • Ancient Rome — Civil War and the breakdown of the Republic • Ancient Rome — the Augustan Age • Ancient Rome — the Fall of the Western Roman Empire • Ancient Rome — the Byzantine Empire  Schools select one of the personality options that has been nominated by the QCAA for the external assessment. Schools will be notified of the options at least two years before the external assessment is implemented.

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — short responses	25%

## Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions.

# **Economics**

# **General senior subject**

General

The discipline of economics is integral to every aspect of our lives: our employment opportunities, business operations and living standards. The subject challenges us to use evidence and be innovative when solving problems in a world of complex global relationships and trends, where a knowledge of economic forces and flows leads to better decisions. In Economics, decision-making is core: how to allocate and distribute scarce resources to maximise well-being.

Economic literacy is essential for understanding current issues to make informed judgments and participate effectively in society. Students develop knowledge and cognitive skills to comprehend, apply analytical processes and use economic knowledge. They examine data and information to determine validity and consider economic policies from various perspectives. Economic models and analytical tools are used to investigate and evaluate outcomes to make decisions. In the process, students appreciate ideas, viewpoints and values underlying economic issues.

The field of economics is typically divided into two: microeconomics being the study of individuals, households and businesses; and macroeconomics, the study of economy-wide phenomena. Within this context, students study opportunity costs, economic models and the market forces of demand and supply. These concepts are applied to real-world issues of how and why markets may be modified, and the effects of government strategies and interventions. The final units of the course dissect and interpret the complex nature of international economic relationships and the dynamics of Australia's place in the global economy. This segues to Australian economic management, as students analyse trends and evaluate economic policies.

Curiosity is essential when studying Economics — how can we best use and allocate resources and production, and what are the consequences of trade-offs? Accordingly, learning is centred on an inquiry approach that facilitates reflection and metacognitive awareness. Intellectual rigour is sharpened by the appraisal of a variety of often-contradictory data and information, which tests the role of assumptions in economic models, ideas and perspectives.

In the 21st century, the study of economics develops the transferable skills of critical thinking and questioning of assumptions. As students develop intellectual flexibility, digital literacy and economic thinking skills, they increase the tertiary pathways and opportunities in the workplace open to them.

Economics is based on possibility and optimism. It appeals to students from Humanities and Business, and those interested in the broader relevance of Mathematics, Technology and Science because of their connections with economic forces. The subject positions students to think deeply about the challenges that confront individuals, business and government, and provides students with tools to think creatively beyond what is known and predictable.

Economics is an excellent complement for students who want to solve real-world science or environmental problems and participate in government policy debates. It provides a competitive advantage for career options where students are aiming for management roles and developing their entrepreneurial skills to create business opportunities as agents of innovation.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Economics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of economics, econometrics, management, data analytics, business, accounting, finance, actuarial science, law and political science.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend economic concepts, principles and models
- analyse economic issues
- evaluate economic outcomes
- create responses that communicate economic meaning to suit the intended purpose.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Markets and models  The basic economic problem Economic flows Market forces	Modified markets  Markets and efficiency  Case options of market measures and strategies	International economics • International trade • Global economic issues	Contemporary macroeconomics  • Macroeconomic objectives and theory • Economic indicators and past budget stances • Economic management

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Summative assessments** 

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination — extended response	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%	

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions or competitions.

# **Legal Studies**

# **General senior subject**

General

Legal Studies focuses on the interaction between society and the discipline of law. Students study the legal system and how it regulates activities and aims to protect the rights of individuals, while balancing these with obligations and responsibilities. An understanding of legal processes and concepts enables citizens to be better informed and able to constructively question and contribute to the improvement of laws and legal processes. This is important as the law is dynamic and evolving, based on values, customs and norms that are challenged by technology, society and global influences.

Legal Studies explores the role and development of law in response to current issues. The subject starts with the foundations of law and explores the criminal justice process through to punishment and sentencing. Students then study the civil justice system, focusing on contract law and negligence. With increasing complexity, students critically examine issues of governance that are the foundation of the Australian and Queensland legal systems, before they explore contemporary issues of law reform and change. The study finishes with considering Australian and international human rights issues. Throughout the course, students analyse issues and evaluate how the rule of law, justice and equity can be achieved in contemporary contexts.

The primary skills of inquiry, critical thinking, problem-solving and reasoning empower Legal Studies students to make informed and ethical decisions and recommendations. Learning is based on an inquiry approach that develops reflection skills and metacognitive awareness. Through inquiry, students identify and describe legal issues, explore information and data, analyse, evaluate to propose recommendations, and create responses that convey legal meaning. They improve their research skills by using information and communication technology (ICT) and databases to access research, commentary, case law and legislation. Students analyse legal information to determine the nature and scope of the legal issue and examine different or opposing views, which are evaluated against legal criteria. These are critical skills that allow students to think strategically in the 21st century.

Knowledge of the law enables students to have confidence in approaching and accessing the legal system and provides them with an appreciation of the influences that shape the system. Legal knowledge empowers students to make constructive judgments on, and knowledgeable commentaries about, the law and its processes. Students examine and justify viewpoints involved in legal issues, while also developing respect for diversity. Legal Studies satisfies interest and curiosity as students question, explore and discuss tensions between changing social values, justice and equitable outcomes.

Legal Studies enables students to appreciate how the legal system is relevant to them and their communities. The subject enhances students' abilities to contribute in an informed and considered way to legal challenges and change, both in Australia and globally.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Legal Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of law, law enforcement, criminology, justice studies and politics. The knowledge, skills and attitudes students gain are transferable to all discipline areas and post-schooling tertiary pathways. The research and analytical skills this course develops are universally valued in business, health, science and engineering industries.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · comprehend legal concepts, principles and processes
- · select legal information from sources
- analyse legal issues
- evaluate legal situations
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit the intended purpose.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Beyond reasonable doubt  Legal foundations Criminal investigation process Criminal trial process Punishment and sentencing	Balance of probabilities  Civil law foundations  Contractual obligations  Negligence and the duty of care	Law, governance and change  • Governance in Australia  • Law reform within a dynamic society	Human rights in legal contexts  • Human rights  • Australia's legal response to international law and human rights  • Human rights in Australian contexts

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation — analytical essay	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — inquiry report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions or competitions.

# **Modern History**

# **General senior subject**

General

Modern History is a discipline-based subject where students examine traces of humanity's recent past so they may form their own views about the Modern World since 1750. Through Modern History, students' curiosity and imagination is invigorated while their appreciation of civilisation is broadened and deepened. Students consider different perspectives and learn that interpretations and explanations of events and developments in the past are contestable and tentative. Modern History distinguishes itself from other subjects by enabling students to empathise with others and make meaningful connections between what existed previously, and the world being lived in today — all of which may help build a better tomorrow.

Modern History has two main aims. First, Modern History seeks to have students gain historical knowledge and understanding about some of the main forces that have contributed to the development of the Modern World. Second, Modern History aims to have students engage in historical thinking and form a historical consciousness in relation to these same forces. Both aims complement and build on the learning covered in the Australian Curriculum: History 7–10. The first aim is achieved through the thematic organisation of Modern History around four of the forces that have helped to shape the Modern World — ideas, movements, national experiences and international experiences. In each unit, students explore the nature, origins, development, legacies and contemporary significance of the force being examined. The second aim is achieved through the rigorous application of historical concepts and historical skills across the syllabus. To fulfil both aims, engagement with a historical inquiry process is integral and results in students devising historical questions and conducting research, analysing, evaluating and synthesising evidence from historical sources, and communicating the outcomes of their historical thinking.

Modern History benefits students as it enables them to thrive in a dynamic, globalised and knowledge-based world. Through Modern History, students acquire an intellectual toolkit consisting of literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills. This ensures students of Modern History gain a range of transferable skills that will help them forge their own pathways to personal and professional success, as well as become empathetic and critically literate citizens who are equipped to embrace a multicultural, pluralistic, inclusive, democratic, compassionate and sustainable future.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Modern History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, writing, academia and strategic analysis.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · devise historical questions and conduct research
- · comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- analyse evidence from historical sources
- · evaluate evidence from historical sources
- · synthesise evidence from historical sources
- · communicate to suit purpose.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Ideas in the Modern World Schools select two of the following topics to study in this unit:  Australian Frontier Wars, 1788–1930s (First Fleet arrives in Australia – Caledon Bay Crisis ends)  Age of Enlightenment, 1750s–1789 (Encyclopédie published – French Revolution begins)  Industrial Revolution, 1760s–1890s (Spinning Jenny invented – Kinetoscope developed)  American Revolution, 1763–1783 (French and Indian War ends – Treaty of Paris signed)  French Revolution, 1769–1799 (Estates General meets – New Consulate established)  Age of Imperialism, 1848–1914 (Second Anglo-Sikh War begins – World War I begins)  Meiji Restoration, 1868–1912 (Meiji Government established – Emperor Meiji dies)  Boxer Rebellion and its aftermath, 1900–1911 (Boxer militancy in Pingyuan begins – overthrow of the Qing Dynasty)  Russian Revolution, 1905–1920s (Bloody Sunday takes place – Russian Civil War ends)  Xinhai Revolution and its aftermath, 1911–1916 (Wuchang Uprising	Movements in the Modern World Schools select two of the following topics to study in this unit:  • Empowerment of First Nations Australians since 1938 (first Day of Mourning protest takes place)  • Independence movement in India, 1857–1947 (Sepoy Rebellion begins – Indian Independence Act 1947 becomes law)  • Workers' movement since the 1860s (Great Shoemakers Strike in New England begins)  • Women's movement since 1893 (Women's suffrage in New Zealand becomes law)  • May Fourth Movement in China and its aftermath, 1919–1930s (Student protests at Beijing University begin – the New Life Movement begins)  • Independence movement in Algeria, 1945–1962 (demonstrations in Setif begin – Algerian independence declared)  • Independence movement in Vietnam, 1945–1975 (Vietnamese independence declared – Saigon falls to North Vietnamese forces)  • Anti-apartheid movement in South Africa, 1948–1991 (apartheid laws end)  • African-American civil rights movement	National experiences in the Modern World Schools select two of the following topics to study in this unit:  Australia since 1901 (Federation of Australia)  United Kingdom since 1901 (Edwardian Era begins)  France, 1799–1815 (Coup of 18 Brumaire begins – Hundred Days end)  New Zealand since 1841 (separate colony of New Zealand established)  Germany since 1914 (World War I begins)  United States of America, 1917–1945 (entry into World War I ends)  Soviet Union, 1920s–1945 (Russian Civil War ends – World War II ends)  Soviet Union, 1920s–1945 (Russian Civil War ends – World War II ends)  Japan since 1931 (invasion of Manchuria begins)  Indonesia since 1942 (Japanese occupation begins)  India since 1947 (Indian Independence Act of 1947 becomes law)  Israel since 1917 (announcement of the Balfour Declaration)  South Korea since 1948 (Republic of Korea begins).	International experiences in the Modern World Schools select one of the following topics to study in this unit:  Australian engagement with Asia since 1945 (World War II in the Pacific ends)  Search for collective peace and security since 1815 (Concert of Europe begins)  Trade and commerce between nations since 1833 (Treaty of Amity and Commerce between Siam and the United States of America signed)  Mass migrations since 1848 (California Gold Rush begins)  Information Age since 1936 (On Computable Numbers published)  Genocides and ethnic cleansings since the 1930s (Holocaust begins)  Nuclear Age since 1945 (first atomic bomb detonated)  Cold War and its aftermath, 1945–2014 (Yalta Conference begins – Russo- Ukrainian War begins)  Struggle for peace in the Middle East since 1948 (Arab-Israeli War begins)  Cultural globalisation since 1956 (international broadcast of the 1956 Summer Olympics in Melbourne takes place)  Space exploration since the 1950s (publication of articles focused on space travel)  Rights and recognition of First Peoples since 1982 (United Nations Working Group on Indigenous Populations established)

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
begins – death of Yuan Shikai)  Iranian Revolution and its aftermath, 1977–1980s (anti-Shah demonstrations take place – Iran becomes an Islamic Republic)  Arab Spring since 2010 (Tunisian Revolution begins)  Alternative topic for Unit 1.	since 1954 (judgment in Brown v. Board of Education delivered)  Environmental movement since the 1960s (Silent Spring published)  LGBTQIA+ civil rights movement since 1969 (Stonewall Riots begin)  Pro-democracy movement in Myanmar (Burma) since 1988 (People Power Uprising begins)  Alternative topic for Unit 2.		Terrorism, anti-terrorism and counter-terrorism since 1984 (Brighton Hotel bombing takes place).  Schools select one of the topic options that has been nominated by the QCAA for the external assessment and has not been studied in Topic 1. Schools will be notified of the topic options at least two years before the external assessment is implemented.

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — short response	25%	

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions or competitions.

# Philosophy & Reason

## **General senior subject**

General

Philosophy & Reason combines the discipline of philosophy with the associated methodology of critical reasoning and logic. The study of philosophy allows students to recognise the relevance of various philosophies to different political, ethical, religious and scientific positions. It also allows them to realise that decisions in these areas are the result of the acceptance of certain ideas and specific modes of reasoning. In addition, critical reasoning and logic provide knowledge, skills and understanding so students are able to engage with, examine and analyse classical and contemporary ideas and issues. The study of philosophy enables students to make rational arguments, espouse viewpoints and engage in informed discourse. In Philosophy & Reason, students learn to understand and use reasoning to develop coherent world-views and to reflect upon the nature of their own decisions as well as their responses to the views of others.

Through the study of Philosophy & Reason, students collaboratively investigate philosophical ideas that have shaped and continue to influence contemporary society. These ideas include what it means to be human, how we understand the role of reason in our individual and collective lives and how we think about and care for each other and the world around us.

Students analyse arguments from a variety of sources and contexts as they develop an understanding of what constitutes effective reasoning. They formalise arguments and choose appropriate techniques of reasoning to attempt to solve problems. The collaborative nature of philosophical inquiry is an essential component for students to understand and develop norms of effective thinking and to value and seek a range of ideas beyond their own.

A course of study in Philosophy & Reason specifically focuses on the development of transferable thinking skills such as analysis, evaluation and justification, and an appreciation of the values of inquiry such as clarity, accuracy, precision and coherence; students are thus well prepared for post-school participation in a wide range of fields. Students learn to value plurality in terms of perspectives and world-views as a necessary condition for human progress. Studying Philosophy & Reason provides students with the skills of collaboration and communication that are essential components of informed participation in the 21st century.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Philosophy & Reason can establish a basis for further education and employment in a broad range of fields, including business, defence, education, ethics, health sciences, journalism, law, politics, professional writing, psychology and research.

## **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- define and use terminology
- explain concepts, methods, principles and theories
- interpret and analyse arguments, ideas and information
- organise and synthesise ideas and information to construct arguments
- · evaluate claims and arguments inherent in theories and views
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Fundamentals of reason • Fundamentals of reason	Reason in philosophy  Philosophy of religion Philosophy of science Philosophy of mind	Moral philosophy and schools of thought  • Moral philosophy  • Philosophical schools of thought	Social and political philosophy • Rights • Political philosophy

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Summative assessments** 

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Analytical essay	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Analytical essay	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — extended response	25%

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

## **Essential Mathematics**

# Applied senior subject

Applied

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematics in Essential Mathematics are Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance. Teaching and learning builds on the proficiency strands of the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Students develop their conceptual understanding when they undertake tasks that require them to connect mathematical concepts, operations and relations. They will learn to recognise definitions, rules and facts from everyday mathematics and data, and to calculate using appropriate mathematical processes.

Students will benefit from studies in Essential Mathematics because they will develop skills that go beyond the traditional ideas of numeracy. This is achieved through a greater emphasis on estimation, problem-solving and reasoning, which develops students into thinking citizens who interpret and use mathematics to make informed predictions and decisions about personal and financial priorities. Students will see mathematics as applicable to their employability and lifestyles, and develop leadership skills through self-direction and productive engagement in their learning. They will show curiosity and imagination, and appreciate the benefits of technology. Students will gain an appreciation that there is rarely one way of doing things and that real-world mathematics requires adaptability and flexibility.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Essential Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the mathematics used by various professional and industry groups.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · recall mathematical knowledge
- · use mathematical knowledge
- · communicate mathematical knowledge
- · evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- · solve mathematical problems.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Number, data and graphs  • Fundamental topic: Calculations  • Number  • Representing data  • Managing money	Data and travel Fundamental topic: Calculations Data collection Graphs Time and motion	Measurement, scales and chance  • Fundamental topic: Calculations  • Measurement  • Scales, plans and models  • Probability and relative frequencies	Graphs, data and loans  • Fundamental topic: Calculations  • Bivariate graphs  • Summarising and comparing data  • Loans and compound interest

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Problem-solving and modelling task
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Common internal assessment (CIA)	Summative internal assessment (IA4):  • Examination — short response

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

### **General Mathematics**

## General senior subject

General

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematics in General Mathematics are Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics and Networks and matrices, building on the content of the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Learning reinforces prior knowledge and further develops key mathematical ideas, including rates and percentages, concepts from financial mathematics, linear and non-linear expressions, sequences, the use of matrices and networks to model and solve authentic problems, the use of trigonometry to find solutions to practical problems, and the exploration of real-world phenomena in statistics.

General Mathematics is designed for students who want to extend their mathematical skills beyond Year 10 but whose future studies or employment pathways do not require calculus. It incorporates a practical approach that equips learners for their needs as future citizens. Students will learn to ask appropriate questions, map out pathways, reason about complex solutions, set up models and communicate in different forms. They will experience the relevance of mathematics to their daily lives, communities and cultural backgrounds. They will develop the ability to understand, analyse and take action regarding social issues in their world. When students gain skill and self-assurance, when they understand the content and when they evaluate their success by using and transferring their knowledge, they develop a mathematical mindset.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in General Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business, commerce, education, finance, IT, social science and the arts.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recall mathematical knowledge
- · use mathematical knowledge
- · communicate mathematical knowledge
- · evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Money, measurement, algebra and linear equations  Consumer arithmetic  Shape and measurement  Similarity and scale  Algebra  Linear equations and their graphs	Applications of linear equations and trigonometry, matrices and univariate data analysis  • Applications of linear equations and their graphs  • Applications of trigonometry  • Matrices  • Univariate data analysis 1  • Univariate data analysis 2	Bivariate data and time series analysis, sequences and Earth geometry  • Bivariate data analysis 1  • Bivariate data analysis 2  • Time series analysis  • Growth and decay in sequences  • Earth geometry and time zones	Investing and networking  • Loans, investments and annuities 1  • Loans, investments and annuities 2  • Graphs and networks  • Networks and decision mathematics 1  • Networks and decision mathematics 2

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
		sessment 1 (IA1): 20% and modelling task		
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination — short response	15%	
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination — combination response				

# Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

### **Mathematical Methods**

## **General senior subject**

General

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematics in Mathematical Methods are Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics. Topics are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, and build on algebra, functions and their graphs, and probability from the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Calculus is essential for developing an understanding of the physical world. The domain Statistics is used to describe and analyse phenomena involving uncertainty and variation. Both are the basis for developing effective models of the world and solving complex and abstract mathematical problems. The ability to translate written, numerical, algebraic, symbolic and graphical information from one representation to another is a vital part of learning in Mathematical Methods.

Students who undertake Mathematical Methods will see the connections between mathematics and other areas of the curriculum and apply their mathematical skills to real-world problems, becoming critical thinkers, innovators and problem-solvers. Through solving problems and developing models, they will appreciate that mathematics and statistics are dynamic tools that are critically important in the 21st century.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Mathematical Methods can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of natural and physical sciences (especially physics and chemistry), mathematics and science education, medical and health sciences (including human biology, biomedical science, nanoscience and forensics), engineering (including chemical, civil, electrical and mechanical engineering, avionics, communications and mining), computer science (including electronics and software design), psychology and business.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- · communicate mathematical knowledge
- · evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- · solve mathematical problems.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Surds, algebra, functions and probability  • Surds and quadratic functions  • Binomial expansion and cubic functions  • Functions and relations  • Trigonometric functions  • Probability	Calculus and further functions  Exponential functions  Logarithms and logarithmic functions  Introduction to differential calculus  Applications of differential calculus  Further differentiation	Further calculus and introduction to statistics  • Differentiation of exponential and logarithmic functions  • Differentiation of trigonometric functions and differentiation rules  • Further applications of differentiation  • Introduction to integration  • Discrete random variables	Further calculus, trigonometry and statistics  • Further integration  • Trigonometry  • Continuous random variables and the normal distribution  • Sampling and proportions  • Interval estimates for proportions

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): 20% Problem-solving and modelling task				
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination — short response	15%	
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination — combination response				

### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

# **Specialist Mathematics**

# **General senior subject**

General

Mathematics is a unique and powerful intellectual discipline that is used to investigate patterns, order, generality and uncertainty. It is a way of thinking in which problems are explored and solved through observation, reflection and logical reasoning. It uses a concise system of communication, with written, symbolic, spoken and visual components. Mathematics is creative, requires initiative and promotes curiosity in an increasingly complex and data-driven world. It is the foundation of all quantitative disciplines.

To prepare students with the knowledge, skills and confidence to participate effectively in the community and the economy requires the development of skills that reflect the demands of the 21st century. Students undertaking Mathematics will develop their critical and creative thinking, oral and written communication, information & communication technologies (ICT) capability, ability to collaborate, and sense of personal and social responsibility — ultimately becoming lifelong learners who demonstrate initiative when facing a challenge. The use of technology to make connections between mathematical theory, practice and application has a positive effect on the development of conceptual understanding and student disposition towards mathematics.

Mathematics teaching and learning practices range from practising essential mathematical routines to develop procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning. When students achieve procedural fluency, they carry out procedures flexibly, accurately and efficiently. When factual knowledge and concepts come to mind readily, students are able to make more complex use of knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems. Problem-solving helps to develop an ability to transfer mathematical skills and ideas between different contexts. This assists students to make connections between related concepts and adapt what they already know to new and unfamiliar situations. With appropriate effort and experience, through discussion, collaboration and reflection of ideas, students should develop confidence and experience success in their use of mathematics.

The major domains of mathematical knowledge in Specialist Mathematics are Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus. Topics are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, building on functions, calculus, statistics from Mathematical Methods, while vectors, complex numbers and matrices are introduced. Functions and calculus are essential for creating models of the physical world. Statistics are used to describe and analyse phenomena involving probability, uncertainty and variation. Matrices, complex numbers and vectors are essential tools for explaining abstract or complex relationships that occur in scientific and technological endeavours.

Students who undertake Specialist Mathematics will develop confidence in their mathematical knowledge and ability, and gain a positive view of themselves as mathematics learners. They will gain an appreciation of the true nature of mathematics, its beauty and its power.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Specialist Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, all branches of mathematics and statistics, computer science, medicine, engineering, finance and economics.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · recall mathematical knowledge.
- · use mathematical knowledge
- · communicate mathematical knowledge
- · evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems.

#### **Structure**

Specialist Mathematics is to be undertaken in conjunction with, or on completion of, Mathematical Methods.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Combinatorics, proof, vectors and matrices	Complex numbers, further proof, trigonometry, functions and transformations  Complex numbers  Complex arithmetic and algebra  Circle and geometric proofs  Trigonometry and functions  Matrices and transformations	Further complex numbers, proof, vectors and matrices  • Further complex numbers  • Mathematical induction and trigonometric proofs  • Vectors in two and three dimensions  • Vector calculus  • Further matrices	Further calculus and statistical inference Integration techniques Applications of integral calculus Rates of change and differential equations Modelling motion Statistical inference

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination — short response	15%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination — short response	15%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination — combination response				

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

# **Aquatic Practices**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

Aquatic Practices provides opportunities for students to explore, experience and learn concepts and practical skills valued in aquatic workplaces and other settings. Learning in Aquatic Practices involves creative and critical thinking; systematically accessing, capturing and analysing information, including primary and secondary data; and using digital technologies to undertake research, evaluate information and present data.

Aquatic Practices students apply scientific knowledge and skills in situations to produce outcomes. Students build their understanding of expectations for work in aquatic settings and develop an understanding of career pathways, jobs and other opportunities available for participating in and contributing to aquatic activities.

Projects and investigations are key features of Aquatic Practices. Projects require the application of a range of cognitive, technical and reasoning skills and practical-based theory to produce real-world outcomes. Investigations follow scientific inquiry methods to develop a deeper understanding of a particular topic or context and the link between theory and practice in real-world and/or lifelike aquatic contexts.

By studying Aquatic Practices, students develop an awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions to become responsible and informed citizens. They develop a strong personal, socially oriented, ethical outlook that assists with managing context, conflict and uncertainty. Students gain the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams to maximise understanding of concepts, while exercising flexibility, cultural awareness and a willingness to make necessary compromises to accomplish common goals. They learn to communicate effectively and efficiently by manipulating appropriate language, terminology, symbols and diagrams associated with scientific communication.

The objectives of the course ensure that students apply what they understand to explain and execute procedures, plan and implement projects and investigations, analyse and interpret information, and evaluate procedures, conclusions and outcomes.

Workplace health and safety practices are embedded across all units and focus on building knowledge and skills in working safely, effectively and efficiently in practical aquatic situations.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Aquatic Practices can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of recreation, tourism, fishing and aquaculture. The subject also provides a basis for participating in and contributing to community associations, events and activities, such as yacht and sailing club races and competitions and boating shows.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · describe ideas and phenomena
- · execute procedures
- · analyse information
- interpret information
- · evaluate conclusions and outcomes
- plan investigations and projects.

Aquatic Practices is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Aquatic ecosystems
Unit option B	Coastlines and navigation
Unit option C	Recreational and commercial fishing
Unit option D	Aquariums and aquaculture
Unit option E	Using the aquatic environment
Unit option F	Marine vessels

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Aquatic Practices are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Applied investigation	Students investigate a research question by collecting, analysing and interpreting primary or secondary information.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Written: up to 1000 words
Practical project	Students use practical skills to complete a project in response to a scenario.	Completed project One of the following: • Product: 1 • Performance: up to 4 minutes Documented process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions of approx. \$250 in Year 11.

# **Biology**

### **General senior subject**

General

Biology provides opportunities for students to engage with living systems. In Unit 1, students develop their understanding of cells and multicellular organisms. In Unit 2, they engage with the concept of maintaining the internal environment. In Unit 3, students study biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life. This knowledge is linked in Unit 4 with the concepts of heredity and the continuity of life.

Students will learn valuable skills required for the scientific investigation of questions. In addition, they will become citizens who are better informed about the world around them and who have the critical skills to evaluate and make evidence-based decisions about current scientific issues.

Biology aims to develop students':

- · sense of wonder and curiosity about life
- · respect for all living things and the environment
- understanding of how biological systems interact and are interrelated, the flow of matter and energy through and between these systems, and the processes by which they persist and change
- understanding of major biological concepts, theories and models related to biological systems at all scales, from subcellular processes to ecosystem dynamics
- appreciation of how biological knowledge has developed over time and continues to develop; how scientists use biology in a wide range of applications; and how biological knowledge influences society in local, regional and global contexts
- ability to plan and carry out fieldwork, laboratory and other research investigations, including the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data and the interpretation of evidence
- ability to use sound, evidence-based arguments creatively and analytically when evaluating claims and applying biological knowledge
- ability to communicate biological understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Biology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of medicine, forensics, veterinary, food and marine sciences, agriculture, biotechnology, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

## **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · describe ideas and findings
- · apply understanding
- · analyse data
- interpret evidence
- · evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- · investigate phenomena.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Cells and multicellular organisms  Cells as the basis of life  Exchange of nutrients and wastes  Cellular energy, gas exchange and plant physiology	Maintaining the internal environment  Homeostasis — thermoregulation and osmoregulation  Infectious disease and epidemiology	Biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life  Describing biodiversity and populations  Functioning ecosystems and succession	Heredity and continuity of life  • Genetics and heredity  • Continuity of life on Earth

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Student experiment	20%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination — combination response				

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions.

# **Chemistry**

### **General senior subject**

<u>Gene</u>ral

Chemistry is the study of materials and their properties and structure. In Unit 1, students study atomic theory, chemical bonding, and the structure and properties of elements and compounds. In Unit 2, students explore intermolecular forces, gases, aqueous solutions, acidity and rates of reaction. In Unit 3, students study equilibrium processes and redox reactions. In Unit 4, students explore organic chemistry, synthesis and design to examine the characteristic chemical properties and chemical reactions displayed by different classes of organic compounds.

Chemistry aims to develop students':

- interest in and appreciation of chemistry and its usefulness in helping to explain phenomena and solve problems encountered in their ever-changing world
- understanding of the theories and models used to describe, explain and make predictions about chemical systems, structures and properties
- understanding of the factors that affect chemical systems and how chemical systems can be controlled to produce desired products
- appreciation of chemistry as an experimental science that has developed through independent and collaborative research, and that has significant impacts on society and implications for decision-making
- expertise in conducting a range of scientific investigations, including the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data, and the interpretation of evidence
- ability to critically evaluate and debate scientific arguments and claims in order to solve problems and generate informed, responsible and ethical conclusions
- ability to communicate chemical understanding and findings to a range of audiences, including through the use of appropriate representations, language and nomenclature.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Chemistry can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of forensic science, environmental science, engineering, medicine, pharmacy and sports science.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe ideas and findings
- · apply understanding
- analyse data
- · interpret evidence
- · evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- · investigate phenomena.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Chemical fundamentals — structure, properties and reactions • Properties and structure of atoms • Properties and structure of materials • Chemical reactions — reactants, products and energy change	Molecular interactions and reactions  Intermolecular forces and gases  Aqueous solutions and acidity  Rates of chemical reactions	Equilibrium, acids and redox reactions  Chemical equilibrium systems  Oxidation and reduction	Structure, synthesis and design  • Properties and structure of organic materials  • Chemical synthesis and design

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination — combination response				

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject.

## **Marine Science**

## **General senior subject**

General

Marine Science provides opportunities for students to study an interdisciplinary science focusing on marine environments and the consequences of human influences on ocean resources. In Unit 1, students develop their understanding of oceanography. In Unit 2, they engage with the concept of marine biology. In Unit 3, students study coral reef ecology, changes to the reef and the connectivity between marine systems. This knowledge is linked in Unit 4 with ocean issues and resource management where students apply knowledge from Unit 3 to consider the future of our oceans and techniques for managing fisheries. Students will learn valuable skills required for the scientific investigation of questions. In addition, they will become citizens who are better informed about the world around them and who have the critical skills to evaluate and make evidence-based decisions about current scientific issues.

Marine Science aims to develop students':

- sense of wonder and curiosity about the complexity of marine life and a respect for all living things and the environment
- appreciation of global stewardship, which involves an understanding of the value systems associated with the marine environment and its importance in maintaining biological support systems
- interpretation of scientific evidence to make judgments and decisions about the effective management of the marine environment
- investigative skills that can be used to evaluate environmental issues and their potential to affect the fragility of marine environments
- understanding of how marine systems interact and are interrelated; the flow of matter and energy through and between these systems, and the processes by which they persist and change
- understanding of major marine science concepts, theories and models related to marine systems at all scales, from species to ecosystem
- appreciation of how marine knowledge has developed over time and continues to develop; how scientists use marine science in a wide range of applications; and how marine knowledge influences society in local, regional and global contexts
- ability to plan and carry out fieldwork, laboratory and other research investigations, including the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data and the interpretation of evidence
- ability to use sound evidence-based arguments creatively and analytically when evaluating claims and applying biological knowledge
- ability to communicate marine science understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Marine Science can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of marine sciences, biotechnology, aquaculture, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Oceanography  • An ocean planet  • The dynamic shore	Marine biology  Marine ecology and biodiversity  Marine environmental management	Marine systems — connections and change The reef and beyond Changes on the reef	Ocean issues and resource management  Oceans of the future  Managing fisheries

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  Research investigation	20%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination — combination response				

#### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject. There will be additional costs for excursions of approx. \$250 for each year level for excursions/camps.

# **Physics**

### **General senior subject**

General

Physics provides opportunities for students to engage with the classical and modern understandings of the universe. In Unit 1, students learn about the fundamental concepts of thermodynamics, electricity and nuclear processes. In Unit 2, students learn about the concepts and theories that predict and describe the linear motion of objects. Further, they will explore how scientists explain some phenomena using an understanding of waves. In Unit 3, students engage with the concept of gravitational and electromagnetic fields, and the relevant forces associated with them. Finally, in Unit 4, students study modern physics theories and models that, despite being counterintuitive, are fundamental to our understanding of many common observable phenomena.

Students will learn valuable skills required for the scientific investigation of questions. In addition, they will become citizens who are better informed about the world around them, and who have the critical skills to evaluate and make evidence-based decisions about current scientific issues.

Physics aims to develop students':

- appreciation of the wonder of physics and the significant contribution physics has made to contemporary society
- understanding that diverse natural phenomena may be explained, analysed and predicted using concepts, models and theories that provide a reliable basis for action
- understanding of the ways in which matter and energy interact in physical systems across a range of scales
- understanding of the ways in which models and theories are refined, and new models and theories are developed in physics; and how physics knowledge is used in a wide range of contexts and informs personal, local and global issues
- investigative skills, including the design and conduct of investigations to explore phenomena and solve problems, the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data, and the interpretation of evidence
- ability to use accurate and precise measurement, valid and reliable evidence, and scepticism and intellectual rigour to evaluate claims
- ability to communicate physics understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Physics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, engineering, medicine and technology.

## **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- · investigate phenomena.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Thermal, nuclear and electrical physics  Heating processes  Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions  Electrical circuits	Linear motion and waves  • Linear motion and force  • Waves	Gravity and electromagnetism • Gravity and motion • Electromagnetism	Revolutions in modern physics  • Special relativity  • Quantum theory  • The Standard Model

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Summative assessments** 

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination — combination response			

### Fee

There is no course fee for this subject

# **Engineering Skills**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by the Australian manufacturing industry to produce products. The manufacturing industry transform raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Engineering Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and engineering industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by manufacturing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the structural, transport and manufacturing engineering industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Engineering Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in engineering trades. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found, for example, as a sheet metal worker, metal fabricator, welder, maintenance fitter, metal machinist, locksmith, air-conditioning mechanic, refrigeration mechanic or automotive mechanic.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- · adapt plans, skills and procedures.

#### **Structure**

Engineering Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Fitting and machining
Unit option B	Welding and fabrication
Unit option C	Sheet metal working
Unit option D	Production in the structural engineering industry
Unit option E	Production in the transport engineering industry
Unit option F	Production in the manufacturing engineering industry

## **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Engineering Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes Documentation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a unit context product that consists of multiple interconnected components and document the manufacturing process.	Product Product: 1 unit-specific product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes Manufacturing process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

#### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$150 per year for the two-year course.

# **Furnishing Skills**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian manufacturing industries to produce products. The manufacturing industry transforms raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Furnishing Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and furnishing industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by furnishing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning in manufacturing tasks supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and bespoke furnishing industries. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices, interpret drawings and technical information and demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes using hand/power tools and machinery. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Furnishing Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in the furnishing industry. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in furnishing trades as, for example, a furniture-maker, wood machinist, cabinet-maker, polisher, shopfitter, upholsterer, furniture restorer, picture framer, floor finisher or glazier.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- · select practices, skills and procedures.
- sequence processes
- · evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- · adapt plans, skills and procedures.

Furnishing Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Furniture-making
Unit option B	Cabinet-making
Unit option C	Interior furnishing
Unit option D	Production in the domestic furniture industry
Unit option E	Production in the commercial furniture industry
Unit option F	Production in the bespoke furniture industry

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Furnishing Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes Documentation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a product and document the manufacturing process.	Product Product: 1 unit-specific product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes Manufacturing process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$150 per year for the two-year course.

# **Industrial Graphics Skills**

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills used by Australian manufacturing and construction industries to produce products. The manufacturing and construction industries transform raw materials into products required by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing and construction industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Industrial Graphics Skills includes the study of industry practices and drawing production processes through students' application in, and through a variety of industry-related learning contexts. Industry practices are used by enterprises to manage drawing production processes and the associated manufacture or construction of products from raw materials. Drawing production processes include the drawing skills and procedures required to produce industry-specific technical drawings and graphical representations. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations of drawing standards.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the building and construction, engineering and furnishing industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate manual and computerised drawing skills and procedures. The majority of learning is done through drafting tasks that relate to business and industry. They work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

# **Pathways**

A course of study in Industrial Graphics Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of roles and trades in the manufacturing industries. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in drafting roles such as architectural drafter, estimator, mechanical drafter, electrical drafter, structural drafter, civil drafter and survey drafter.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret client briefs and technical information
- · select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and products.

Industrial Graphics Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Drafting for residential building
Unit option B	Computer-aided manufacturing drafting
Unit option C	Computer-aided drafting — modelling
Unit option D	Graphics for the construction industry
Unit option E	Graphics for the engineering industry
Unit option F	Graphics for the furnishing industry

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Industrial Graphics Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration of drafting and reflect on industry practices, skills and drawing procedures.	Practical demonstration of drafting Drawings: the drafting skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes Documentation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students draft in response to a provided client brief and technical information.	Unit-specific product Drawings: drawings drafted using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes Drawing process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$40 per year for the two-year course.

# Design

# **General senior subject**

General

The Design subject focuses on the application of design thinking to envisage creative products, services and environments. Designing is a complex and sophisticated form of problem-solving that uses divergent and convergent thinking approaches that can be practised and improved. Designers are separated from the constraints of production processes to allow them to appreciate and exploit innovative ideas.

In Unit 1, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of stakeholder-centred design. They will be introduced to the range and importance of stakeholders and how the design process is used to respond to their needs and wants. In Unit 2, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of commercial design, considering the role of the client and the influence of economic, social and cultural issues. They will use a collaborative design approach. In Unit 3, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of human-centred design. They will use designing with empathy as an approach as they respond to the needs and wants of a particular person. In Unit 4, students will learn about and experience designing in the context of sustainable design. They will explore design opportunities and design to improve economic, social and ecological sustainability.

The teaching and learning approach uses a design process grounded in the problem-based learning framework. This approach enables students to learn about and experience design through exploring needs, wants and opportunities; developing ideas and design concepts; using sketching and low-fidelity prototyping skills; and evaluating ideas. Students communicate design proposals to suit different audiences.

Students will learn how design has influenced the economic, social and cultural environment in which they live. They will understand the agency of humans in conceiving and imagining possible futures through design. Students will develop valuable 21st century skills in critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and information & communication technologies (ICT) skills. Collaboration, teamwork and communication are crucial skills needed to work in design teams and liaise with stakeholders. The design thinking students learn is broadly applicable to a range of professions and supports the development of critical and creative thinking.

Students will develop an appreciation of designers and their role in society. They will learn the value of creativity and build resilience as they experience iterative design processes, where the best ideas may be the result of trial and error and a willingness to take risks and experiment with alternatives. Design equips students with highly transferrable, future-focused thinking skills relevant to a global context.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Design can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of architecture, digital media design, fashion design, graphic design, industrial design, interior design and landscape architecture.

## **Objectives**

- By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:
- · describe design problems and design criteria
- · represent ideas, design concepts and design information using visual representation skills
- analyse needs, wants and opportunities using data
- devise ideas in response to design problems
- evaluate ideas to make refinements
- propose design concepts in response to design problems
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Stakeholder-centred design  Designing for others	Commercial design influences  Responding to needs and wants	Human-centred design  • Designing with empathy	Sustainable design influences • Responding to opportunities

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Design challenge	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project	30%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — extended response	25%

#### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$40 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions are not included in this fee.

### **Food & Nutrition**

# **General senior subject**

General

Food & Nutrition is the study of food in the context of food science, nutrition and food technologies. Students explore the chemical and functional properties of nutrients to create food solutions that maintain the beneficial nutritive values. This knowledge is fundamental for continued development of a safe and sustainable food system that can produce high quality, nutritious solutions with an extended shelf life. The food system includes the sectors of production, processing, distribution, consumption, research and development. Waste management, sustainability and food protection are overarching principles that have an impact on all sectors of the food system. Students will actively engage in a food and nutrition problemsolving process to create food solutions that contribute positively to preferred personal, social, ethical, economic, environmental, legal, sustainable and technological futures.

Food & Nutrition is a developmental course of study. In Unit 1, students develop an understanding of the chemical and functional properties of vitamins, minerals and protein-based food, as well as sensory profiling, food safety, spoilage and preservation. In Unit 2, students explore consumer food drivers, sensory profiling, labelling and food safety, and the development of food formulations. In Unit 3, students develop knowledge about the chemical, functional and sensory properties of carbohydrate- and fat-based food, and food safety, food preservation techniques and spoilage. In Unit 4, students focus on the investigation of problems for nutrition consumer markets and develop solutions for these while improving safety, nutrition, transparency and accessibility, as well as considering the wider impacts and implications of solutions.

Using a problem-solving process in Food and Nutrition, students learn to apply their food science, nutrition and technologies knowledge to solve real-world food and nutrition problems. Students learn to explore complex, open-ended problems and develop food and nutrition solutions. They recognise and describe problems, determine solution success criteria, develop and communicate ideas and generate, evaluate and refine real-world-related solutions. Students justify their decision-making and acknowledge the societal, economic and environmental sustainability of their food and nutrition solutions. The problem-based learning framework in Food and Nutrition encourages students to become self-directed learners and develop beneficial collaboration and management skills.

Food & Nutrition is inclusive of students' needs, interests and aspirations. It challenges students to think about, respond to, and create solutions for contemporary problems in food and nutrition. Students will become enterprising individuals and make discerning decisions about the safe development and use of technologies in the local and global fields of food and nutrition.

In Food & Nutrition, students learn transferable 21st century skills that support their aspirations, including critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and information & communication technologies (ICT) skills. Students become adaptable and resilient through their problem-solving learning experiences. These skills enable students to innovate and collaborate with people in the fields of science, technology, engineering and health to create solutions to contemporary problems in food and nutrition.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Food & Nutrition can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, technology, engineering and health.

## **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · recognise and describe food and nutrition facts and principles
- · explain food and nutrition ideas and problems
- · analyse problems, information and data
- determine solution requirements and criteria
- · synthesise information and data
- generate solutions to provide data to determine the feasibility of the solution
- · evaluate and refine ideas and solutions to make justified recommendations for enhancement
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Food science of vitamins, minerals and protein Introduction to the food system Vitamins and minerals Protein	Food drivers and emerging trends  Consumer food drivers  Sensory profiling  Food safety and labelling  Food formulation for consumers	Food science of carbohydrate and fat  Carbohydrate Fat	Food solution development for nutrition consumer markets  Formulation and reformulation for nutrition consumer markets  Nutrition consumer markets

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Food & Nutrition solution	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Food & Nutrition solution	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%	

#### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$90 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions are not included in this fee.

# **Media Arts in Practice (Photography)**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential.

Photography and still images refers to a single image depicting or recording a visual perception. Media Arts in Practice (photography) explores themes of local and global issues relevant to teenagers, connecting media to community, artistic expression, justification of choices, the technique and meaning of other artists work and the intent and purpose of their own work. Skills and techniques in the use of photographic equipment and editing software are developed through practical application and exploration.

The course develops the necessary knowledge, understanding and skills required for emerging careers in a dynamic and creative field that is constantly adapting to new technologies.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Photographic Media can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of photography, advertising, creative industries, communication, design, sports, model and fashion photography and opportunities to enter the creative education and public curation

## **Objectives**

#### Use media arts practices.

When making, students use media language, modes, technologies and techniques to make media artworks. They develop independence across the course of study, selecting and refining use of media arts practices according to their strengths and interests.

#### 2. Plan media artworks.

When responding, students analyse key features of purpose and context to plan media artworks. They make decisions, explore solutions and choose strategies to achieve goals.

#### 3. Communicate ideas.

When making, students create media artworks that suit purpose and context. Students show making in both pre-production (e.g. design products) and production (e.g. media artworks) formats, and may use media language to communicate ideas (e.g. representations, thoughts, feelings, experiences, observations).

#### 4. Evaluate media artworks.

When responding, students make judgments about media arts ideas and media artworks, examining these in relation to planning and reflecting on strengths, implications and limitations. Students select and use media arts terminology and language conventions and features when producing written, spoken or signed evaluations

### **Structure**

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Personal viewpoints
Unit option B	Representations
Unit option C	Community
Unit option D	Persuasion

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Media Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students make and evaluate a design product and plan a media artwork that reflects a purpose and context relevant to the unit.	Design product Design product must represent: Variable requirements, dependent on selected preproduction format and the length or requirements of the media artwork (see response requirements for 'Media artwork' below). Planning and evaluation of design product One of the following: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Written: up to 600 words Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Media artwork	Students implement the design product from the project to make a media artwork relevant to the unit.	Media artwork One of the following:  • Audio: up to 3 minutes  • Moving image: up to 3 minutes  • Still image: up to 4 media artwork/s

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Students are to create a folio of still images [5] demonstrating their best work from the unit.	Students provide a folio of still images [5] which demonstrate their best work across a range of learnt techniques for landscape photography and research photographic artists.	Students are to submit their 3 best images. Images are to be from class studio work and be edited using Lightroom/Photoshop.	Students will produce work for an online exhibition which is designed to bring awareness to the often overlooked.
Unit 5	Unit 6	Unit 7	Unit 8
Students will create a folio of 5 still images that are selected from their class work.	Students provide a folio of still images [5] which demonstrate their best work cross a range of learnt techniques for cityscape photography and research a photographic artist/artists.	Students will create an image that fits the surrealism genre either from staged photo-shoot or digital composition using their own and found images.	Students will produce work that can be used to advertise a local business/client in form of a mock up.

# Fee

The cost of this course will be \$90 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions are not included in this fee.

### **Music in Practice**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

Music is a unique aural art form that uses sound and silence as a means of personal expression. It is a powerful medium because it affects a wide range of human activities, including personal, social, cultural and entertainment pursuits. Making music, becoming part of music and arts communities, and interacting with practising musicians and artists nurtures students' creative thinking and problem-solving skills as they follow processes from conception to realisation and express music ideas of personal significance.

In Music in Practice, students are involved in making (composing and performing) and responding by exploring and engaging with music practices in class, school and the community. They gain practical, technical and listening skills and make choices to communicate through their music. Through music activities, students have opportunities to engage individually and in groups to express music ideas that serve purposes and contexts. This fosters creativity, helps students develop problem-solving skills, and heightens their imaginative, emotional, aesthetic, analytical and reflective experiences.

Students learn about workplace health and safety issues relevant to the music industry and effective work practices that foster a positive work ethic, the ability to work as part of a team, and project management skills. They are exposed to authentic music practices that reflect the real-world practices of composers, performers, and audiences. They learn to view the world from different perspectives, experiment with different ways of sharing ideas and feelings, gain confidence and self-esteem, and contribute to the social and cultural lives of their school and local community.

### **Pathways**

The discipline and commitment required in music-making provides students with opportunities for personal growth and development of lifelong learning skills. Learning in Music in Practice is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers, who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

A course of study in Music in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment across a range of fields such as creative industries, education, venue and event management, advertising, communications, humanities, health, sciences and technology.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use music practices
- plan music works
- · communicate ideas
- evaluate music works.

### Structure

Music in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Music of today
Unit option B	The cutting edge
Unit option C	Building your brand
Unit option D	'Live' on stage!

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Music in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Composition	Students make a composition that is relevant to the purpose and context of the unit.	Composition Composition: up to 3 minutes, or equivalent section of a larger work
Performance	Students perform music that is relevant to the unit focus.	Performance Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes
Project	Students plan, make and evaluate a composition or performance relevant to the unit focus.	Composition Composition: up to 3 minutes, or equivalent section of a larger work OR Performance Performance (live or recorded): up to 4 minutes AND Planning and evaluation of composition or performance One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Written: up to 600 words  • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent

#### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$35 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions are not included in this fee.

# **Visual Arts in Practice (Art)**

# **Applied senior subject**

Applied

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

In Visual Arts in Practice, students respond to authentic, real-world stimulus (e.g. problems, events, stories, places, objects, the work of artists or artisans), seeing or making new links between art-making purposes and contexts. They explore visual language in combination with media, technologies and skills to make artworks. Throughout the course, students are exposed to two or more art-making modes, selecting from 2D, 3D, digital (static) and time-based and using these in isolation or combination, as well as innovating new ways of working.

When responding, students use analytical processes to identify problems and develop plans or designs for artworks. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' art-making. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of visual features to communicate artistic intention. They develop competency with and independent selection of media, technologies and skills as they make experimental and resolved artworks, synthesising ideas developed throughout the responding phase.

# **Pathways**

Learning in Visual Arts in Practice is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

A course of study in Visual Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of fields, including creative industries, education, advertising and marketing, communications, humanities, health, recreation, science and technology.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use visual arts practices
- plan artworks
- communicate ideas
- · evaluate artworks.

#### Structure

Visual Arts in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Looking inwards (self)
Unit option B	Looking outwards (others)
Unit option C	Clients
Unit option D	Transform & extend

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Visual Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students make experimental or prototype artworks, or design proposals or stylistic experiments. They evaluate artworks, art style and/or practices that explore the focus of the unit. Students plan resolved artworks.	Experimental folio  Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based  OR  Prototype artwork  2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based media: up to 4 artwork/s  OR  Design proposal  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media, including up to 4 prototype artwork/s — 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based  OR  Folio of stylistic experiments  Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based  AND  Planning and evaluations  One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Written: up to 600 words  • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Resolved artwork	Students make a resolved artwork that communicates purpose and context relating to the focus of the unit.	Resolved artwork  • 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based media: up to 4 artwork/s

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$200 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions and/or competitions are not included in this fee.

# **Drama**

# **General senior subject**



Drama interrogates the human experience by investigating, communicating and embodying stories, experiences, emotions and ideas that reflect the human experience. It allows students to look to the past with curiosity, and explore inherited traditions of artistry to inform their own artistic practice and shape their world as global citizens. Drama is created and performed in diverse spaces, including formal and informal theatre spaces, to achieve a wide range of purposes. Drama engages students in imaginative meaning-making processes and involves them using a range of artistic skills as they make and respond to dramatic works. The range of purposes, contexts and audiences provides students with opportunities to experience, reflect on, understand, communicate, collaborate and appreciate different perspectives of themselves, others and the world in which they live.

Across the course of study, students will develop a range of interrelated skills of drama that will complement the knowledge and processes needed to create dramatic action and meaning. They will learn about the dramatic languages and how these contribute to the creation, interpretation and critique of dramatic action and meaning for a range of purposes. A study of a range of forms and styles in a variety of inherited traditions, current practice and emerging trends, including those from different cultures and contexts, forms a core aspect of the learning. Drama provides opportunities for students to learn how to engage with dramatic works as both artists and audience through the use of critical literacies.

In Drama, students engage in aesthetic learning experiences that develop the 21st century skills of critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy. They learn how to reflect on their artistic, intellectual, emotional and kinaesthetic understanding as creative and critical thinkers and curious artists. Additionally, students will develop personal confidence, skills of inquiry and social skills as they work collaboratively with others.

Drama engages students in the making of and responding to dramatic works to help them realise their creative potential as individuals. Learning in Drama promotes a deeper and more empathetic understanding and appreciation of others and communities. Innovation and creative thinking are at the forefront of this subject, which contributes to equipping students with highly transferable skills that encourage them to imagine future perspectives and possibilities.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Drama can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of drama, and to broader areas in creative industries, cultural institutions, administration and management, law, communications, education, public relations, research, science and technology. The understanding and skills built in Drama connect strongly with careers in which it is important to understand different social and cultural perspectives in a range of contexts, and to communicate meaning in functional and imaginative ways.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Share How does drama promote shared understandings of the human experience?	Reflect How is drama shaped to reflect lived experience?	Challenge How can we use drama to challenge our understanding of humanity?	Transform How can you transform dramatic practice?

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Practice-led project	35%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): 20%  • Dramatic concept				
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination — extended response				

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$50 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions are not included in this fee.

# Film, Television & New Media

# **General senior subject**

General

Film, Television & New Media uses an inquiry learning model, developing critical thinking skills and creative capabilities through the exploration of five key concepts that operate in the contexts of production and use. The key concepts of technologies, representations, audiences, institutions and languages are drawn from a range of contemporary media theories and practices. Students will creatively apply film, television and new media key concepts to individually and collaboratively make moving-image media products, and will investigate and respond to moving-image media content and production contexts.

Film, television and new media are our primary sources of information and entertainment. They are important channels for educational and cultural exchange, and are fundamental to our self-expression and representation as individuals and as communities. Engaging meaningfully in local and global participatory media cultures enables us to understand and express ourselves. Through making and responding to moving-image media products, students will develop a respect for diverse perspectives and a critical awareness of the expressive, functional and creative potential of moving-image media in a diverse range of global contexts.

By studying Film, Television & New Media, students will develop knowledge and skills in creative thinking, communication, collaboration, planning, critical analysis, and digital and ethical citizenship. They will develop the necessary critical and creative skills to reflect on and appreciate Australian and global cultures and make sense of what they see and experience. Film, Television & New Media will equip students for a future of unimagined possibilities with highly transferable and flexible thinking and communication skills.

### **Pathways**

The processes and practices of Film, Television & New Media, such as project-based learning and creative problem-solving, develop transferable 21st century skills that are highly valued in many areas of employment. Organisations increasingly seek employees who demonstrate work-related creativity, innovative thinking and diversity. A course of study in Film, Television & New Media can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of film, television and media, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, advertising, administration and management, communications, design, marketing, education, film and television, public relations, research, science and technology.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- design moving-image media products
- create moving-image media products
- · resolve film, television and new media ideas, elements and processes
- · apply literacy skills
- analyse moving-image media products
- evaluate film, television and new media products, practices and viewpoints.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Foundation     Technologies     Institutions     Languages	Stories     Representations     Audiences     Languages	Participation     Technologies     Audiences     Institutions	Artistry     Technologies     Representations     Languages

### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  Case study investigation	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  Stylistic production	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Multi-platform content project	25%		
		assessment (EA): 25% extended response	

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$60 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions are not included in this fee.

# Music

# General senior subject

General

Music is a unique art form that uses sound and silence as a means of personal expression. It allows for the expression of the intellect, imagination and emotion and the exploration of values. Music occupies a significant place in everyday life of all cultures and societies, serving social, cultural, celebratory, political and educational roles.

The study of music combines the development of cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains through making and responding to music. The development of musicianship through making (composition and performance) and responding (musicology) is at the centre of the study of music.

Through composition, students use music elements and concepts, applying their knowledge and understanding of compositional devices to create new music works. Students resolve music ideas to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

Through performance, students sing and play music, demonstrating their practical music skills through refining solo and/or ensemble performances. Students realise music ideas through the demonstration and interpretation of music elements and concepts to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

In musicology, students analyse the use of music elements and concepts in a variety of contexts, styles and genres. They evaluate music through the synthesis of analytical information to justify a viewpoint.

In an age of change, Music has the means to prepare students for a future of unimagined possibilities; in Music, students develop highly transferable skills and the capacity for flexible thinking and doing. Literacy in Music is an essential skill for both musician and audience, and learning in Music prepares students to engage in a multimodal world. The study of Music provides students with opportunities for intellectual and personal growth, and to make a contribution to the culture of their community. Students develop the capacity for working independently and collaboratively, reflecting authentic practices of music performers, composers and audiences.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Music can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of music, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, administration and management, health, communications, education, public relations, research, science and technology. As more organisations value work-related creativity and diversity, the processes and practices of Music develop 21st century skills essential for many areas of employment. Specifically, the study of Music helps students develop creative and critical thinking, collaboration and communication skills, personal and social skills, and digital literacy — all of which is sought after in modern workplaces.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate technical skills
- use music elements and concepts
- analyse music
- · apply compositional devices

- · apply literacy skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- evaluate music
- · realise music ideas
- resolve music ideas.

### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Designs Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How does the treatment and combination of different music elements enable musicians to design music that communicates meaning through performance and composition?	Identities Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians use their understanding of music elements, concepts and practices to communicate cultural, political, social and personal identities when performing, composing and responding to music?	Innovations Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians incorporate innovative music practices to communicate meaning when performing and composing?	Narratives Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians manipulate music elements to communicate narrative when performing, composing and responding to music?

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Summative assessments** 

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Composition	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination — extended response			

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$30 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions are not included in this fee.

### Visual Art

# General senior subject

General

Visual Art students have opportunities to construct knowledge and communicate personal interpretations by working as both artist and audience. In making artworks, students use their imagination and creativity to innovatively solve problems and experiment with visual language and expression. Students develop knowledge and skills when they create individualised responses and meaning by applying diverse art materials, techniques, technologies and processes. On their individual journey of exploration, students learn to communicate personal thoughts, feelings, ideas, experiences and observations. In responding to artworks, students investigate artistic expression and critically analyse artworks in diverse contexts. They consider meaning, purposes and theoretical approaches when ascribing aesthetic value and challenging ideas. Students interact with artists, artworks, institutions and communities to enrich their experiences and understandings of their own and others' art practices.

Visual Art uses an inquiry learning model, developing critical and creative thinking skills and individual responses through developing, researching, reflecting and resolving. Through making and responding, resolution and display of artworks, students understand and appreciate the role of visual art in past and present traditions and cultures, as well as the contributions of contemporary visual artists and their aesthetic, historical and cultural influences.

### **Pathways**

This subject prepares young people for participation in the 21st century by fostering curiosity and imagination, and teaching students how to generate and apply new and creative solutions when problem-solving in a range of contexts. This learnt ability to think in divergent ways and produce creative and expressive responses enables future artists, designers and craftspeople to innovate and collaborate with the fields of science, technology, engineering and mathematics to design and manufacture images and objects that enhance and contribute significantly to our daily lives.

Visual Art prepares students to engage in a multimodal, media-saturated world that is reliant on visual communication. Through the critical thinking and literacy skills essential to both artist and audience, learning in Visual Art empowers young people to be discriminating, and to engage with and make sense of what they see and experience.

A course of study in Visual Art can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts practice, design, craft, and information technologies, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, advertising, administration and management, communication, education, public relations, health, research, science and technology.

# **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- implement ideas and representations
- · apply literacy skills
- analyse and interpret visual language, expression and meaning in artworks and practices
- evaluate influences
- justify viewpoints
- experiment in response to stimulus
- create visual responses using knowledge and understanding of art media
- realise responses to communicate meaning.

### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Art as lens     Concept: lenses to explore the material world     Contexts: personal and contemporary     Focus: people, place, objects	Art as code  Concept: art as a coded visual language  Contexts: formal and cultural  Focus: codes, symbols, signs and art conventions	Art as knowledge  Concept: constructing knowledge as artist and audience  Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal  Focus: student-directed	Art as alternate  Concept: evolving alternate representations and meaning  Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal  Focus: student-directed

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation — inquiry phase 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — inquiry phase 3	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Project — inquiry phase 2	25%		
		assessment (EA): 25% extended response	

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$150 per year for the two-year course. Other costs including excursions and/or competitions are not included in this fee.

# **Music Extension (Year 12 only)**

### General senior subject

General

The Music Extension syllabus should be read in conjunction with the Music syllabus. In Music Extension, students follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation.

In the **Composition specialisation** (making), students create and resolve new music works. They demonstrate use of music concepts and manipulate music concepts to express meaning and/or emotion to an audience through resolved compositions.

In the **Musicology specialisation** (responding), students investigate and analyse music works and ideas. They synthesise analytical information about music, and document sources and references about music to support research.

In the **Performance specialisation** (making), students realise music works, demonstrating technical skills and understanding. They make decisions about music, interpret music elements and concepts, and realise music ideas in their performances.

Music Extension prepares students for a future of unimagined possibilities, helping them to become self-motivated and emotionally aware. As a unique means of expression, music makes a profound contribution to personal, social and cultural identities. Students develop transversal skills, becoming adaptable and innovative problem-solvers and collaborative team members who make informed decisions. As enquirers, students develop their ability to analyse and critically evaluate. Literacy in Music Extension is an essential skill for composers, musicologists and performers, and learning in Music Extension prepares students to engage in a multimodal world.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of music, and more broadly, in creative industries, cultural institutions, administration and management, health, communications, education, public relations, research, science and technology.

# **Objectives**

#### **Common objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, all students will:

- analyse music
- apply literacy skills
- · evaluate music.

#### Specialist objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in **composition** will also:

- · apply compositional devices
- manipulate music elements and concepts
- · resolve music ideas.

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in **musicology** will also:

- express meaning or ideas about music
- · investigate music and ideas about music
- synthesise information.

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in **performance** will also:

- · apply technical skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- realise music ideas.

### **Structure**

Unit 3	Unit 4
<ul><li>Explore</li><li>Key idea 1: Initiate best practice</li><li>Key idea 2: Consolidate best practice</li></ul>	Emerge • Key idea 3: Independent best practice

#### **Assessment**

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Note:** The Summative external assessment (EA): Examination — extended response is the same assessment for all three specialisations.

#### Summative assessments — Composition specialisation

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Composition 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Composition project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Composition 2	20%		
		assessment (EA): 25% extended response	

#### Summative assessments — Musicology specialisation

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Musicology project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation 2	20%		
		assessment (EA): 25% extended response	

### Summative assessments — Performance specialisation

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Performance 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Performance project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Performance 2	20%		
		ussessment (EA): 25% extended response	

### Fee

The cost of this course will be \$15 for the one-year course.

# SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness

# **Certificate subject**

Certificate

This is a two-year course delivered by Tropical North Learning Academy - Smithfield State High School (RTO 30496). The program involves learning about what it takes to become an Exercise Professional. This learning will take place in a range of settings, including classroom and outdoors – involving use of the school's fitness facility. Training also includes practical experience as an Exercise/Gym Instructor and Activity Assistant at the school.

The SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness is a two-year course that equips students with the knowledge and skills to train a client with the intent of improving their fitness. They will therefore need to have a sound level of literacy, a passion for fitness and excellent organisation and communication skills. This course requires students to train clients externally to their allocated class times.

The theoretical component of this course is completed online. It is desirable for students to have their own device to access these modules.

Assessment activities include the completion of practical and knowledge tasks throughout the program. Many of the practical tasks will be observed while participating as an Exercise/Gym participant/instructor.

### **Pathways**

The SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness will predominantly be used by students seeking to enter the fitness industry. Students may also choose to continue their study by completing the SIS40221 Certificate IV in Fitness with an external RTO after school.

Due to the competency-based nature of Vocational Education and Training, extension students may be in a position to accelerate an early completion (from mid-Year 12).

# **Objectives**

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants will receive a SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness.

#### Structure

A minimum of a C level of achievement in year 10 English and HPE (Applied) is required for successful engagement and completion of this subject. A Language, Literacy and Numeracy (LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content.

Unit Code	Unit Title	
BSBOPS304	Deliver and monitor a service to customers	Core
BSBPEF301	Organise personal work priorities	Core
HLTAID011	Provide first aid	Core
HLTWHS001	Participate in workplace health and safety	Core
SISFFIT032	Complete pre-exercise screening and service orientation	Core
SISFFIT033	Complete client fitness assessments	Core
SISFFIT035	Plan group exercise sessions	Core
SISFFIT036	Instruct group exercise sessions	Core
SISFFIT040	Develop and instruct gym-based exercise programs for individual clients	Core
SISFFIT047	Use anatomy and physiology knowledge to support safe and effective exercise	Core
SISFFIT052	Provide healthy eating information	Core
BSBXTW301	Work in a team	Elective
HLTWHS005	Conduct manual tasks safely	Elective
SISFFIT037	Develop and instruct group movement programs for children	Elective
SISXPLD002	Deliver recreation sessions	Elective

#### Assessment

The program content has been packaged into 7 terms. All evidence requirements pertaining to the embedded SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport and Recreation are scheduled across Terms 1 to 4. All remaining Terms 5-7 evidence requirements are aligned only to the SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness.

Assessment and training will be conducted at the school. Under supervision, students will conduct a range of fitness programs. Students will undertake work experience outside of their timetabled subject to deliver a range of fitness activities and exercise programs to members of the school community (students, teachers, and staff). Students will work in the school's gym facility with authentic clients. This will involve delivery of exercise programs to a range of clients, including older adults.

Partial completion is available - max. 8 QCE points.

#### Fee

The cost to complete the SIS30321 Certificate III in Fitness is \$300. Payment is due by Day 8 of start of Year 11 in 2025.

# **HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services**

# **Certificate subject**

**Certificate** 

This is dual certificate course which can be completed as a two-year course, or as a one-year course with the option of completing HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance in the second year. More information about HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance is included in the following pages. This qualification reflects the role of workers who provide support for the effective functioning of health and community services and addresses the importance of health training in the largest growing industry in Australia. At this level, workers complete tasks under supervision involving known routines and procedures or complete routine but variable tasks in collaboration with others in a team environment. Depending on the setting, work may include health checks, health promotion, health administration and entry pathway for workers who provide the first point of contact and assist individuals in meeting their needs. While studying this dual certificate qualification, students will also complete their First Aid.

Smithfield State High School offers students the opportunity to complete the HLT23221 Certificate II qualification in Health Support Services. This has been made possible by the partnership of our school with Connect'n'Grow - Registered Training Organisation - 40518. Teachers will deliver the training and assess competence under the guidance of the Registered Training Organisation; Connect'n'Grow.

### **Pathways**

Health care and social assistance is projected to grow by 16.4% over the next five years. Possible employment options may include: acute care assistance, assistant in nursing, nursing assistant, nursing support worker, patient service attendant, patient support assistant, patient care assistant and ward assistant.

Pathway options include: HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance, HLT33021 Certificate III Allied Health Assistance, CHC32015 Certificate III Community Services, HLT43021 Certificate IV in Allied Health Assistance, CHC43415 Certificate IV in Leisure and Health Bachelor of Human Sciences, HLT54121 Diploma of Nursing, Bachelor of Nursing Science.

# **Objectives**

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants will receive a HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services. Students who successfully complete the qualification in year 11 will be eligible to enrol in the HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance in year 12, which includes practical placement with the option for a paid traineeship.

#### **Structure**

A minimum of a C level of achievement in year 10 Mathematics and English is required for successful engagement and completion of this subject. HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services is made up of 4 core units and 8 elective units.

Unit Code	Unit Title	
CHCCOM005	Communicate and work in health or community services	Core
CHCDIV001	Work with diverse people	Core
HLTINF006	Apply basic principles and practices of infection prevention and control	Core
HLTWHS001	Participate in workplace health and safety	Core
BSBINS201	Process and maintain workplace information	Elective
BSBPEF202	Plan and apply time management	Elective
HLTHSS011	Maintain stock inventory	Elective
CHCPRP005	Engage with health professionals and the health system	Other
HLTHSS009	Perform general cleaning tasks in a clinical setting	Elective
HLTWHS005	Conduct manual tasks safely	Elective
BSBOPS203	Deliver a service to customers	Elective
CHCCCS010	Maintain a high standard of Service	Elective

#### Assessment

Assessment in this course will be competency based, in that the student will be required to demonstrate competency in a range of tasks. The assessment coding which will apply is either CA or WTC, where CA is Competency Achieved and WTC is Working Towards Competency.

To be deemed competent in a unit both theory and practical components must be successfully completed. Practical components will be completed in simulated work environments.

A range of teaching and learning strategies will be used to deliver and assess the competencies. These include:

- Multiple choice, true/false and short answer questions (online)
- Direct observation of performance
- Simulations of workplace activities
- Oral questioning
- Practical exercises
- Projects/assignments
- Workplace Learning Log

Your student MUST HAVE ACCESS TO A LAPTOP to complete this certificate qualification.

#### Fee

The cost of this certificate qualification is \$499.00. However, students may be able to access funding to help subsidise the cost of their training. Contact Connect 'n' Grow directly if you would like to explore potential options. Payment is due by Day 8 of start of Year 11 in 2025.

Continuation into the HLT33115 Certificate III in Health Services Assistance in year 12 (see information below) will be an additional course cost of \$499.00 in 2026.

# **HLT33115** Certificate III in Health Services Assistance

# **Certificate subject**

Certificate

To enrol in this course, students must have successfully completed the Certificate qualification in year 11. There is no direct entry to this course. In addition to the competencies completed during the HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services, the following units are studied in the HLT33115 Certificate III Health Services Assistance during year 12, with the final unit being one of Option 1 or Option 2.

Unit Code	Unit Title	
CHCCCS009	Facilitate responsible behaviour	Elective
HLTAID009	Provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation	Elective
HLTAID011	Provide first Aid	Elective
CHCINM002	Meet community information needs	Elective
BSBWOR301	Organise personal work priorities and development	Core
HLTAAP001	Recognise healthy body systems	Core
BSBMED301	Interpret and apply medical terminology	Core
CHCDIV002	Promote Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander cultural safety (Option 1)	Elective
HLTAID010	Provide basic emergency life support	Elective

#### Fee

#### The cost of the certificate is \$499.00. Payment is due by day 8 of start of 2026.

Entry into this course is subject to successful completion of the qualification HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services. This has been made possible by the partnership of our school with Connect'n'Grow - Registered Training Organisation – 40518. Teachers will deliver the training and assess competence under the guidance of the Registered Training Organisation; Connect'n'Grow.

# SIT20322 Certificate II in Hospitality

Final details for this course and Registered Training Oganisation are to be advised.

# **Certificate subject**

Certificate

This is a one-year course delivered at Tropical North Learning Academy - Smithfield State High School (RTO 30496) in partnership with a Registered Training Organisation (RTO). This qualification reflects the role of individuals who have a defined and limited range of hospitality operational skills and basic industry knowledge. They are involved in mainly routine and repetitive tasks and work under direct supervision. This qualification provides a pathway to work in various hospitality settings, such as restaurants, hotels, motels, catering operations, clubs, pubs, cafés, and coffee shops.

This Subject Outline is to be read in conjunction with the RTO's Disclosure Statement (PDS). The PDS sets out the services and training products the RTO provides and those services carried out by the 'Partner School' (i.e. the facilitation of training and assessment services).

The theoretical component of this course is completed online. It is a requirement for students to have their own device to access these modules.

Assessment activities include the completion of practical and knowledge tasks throughout the program. Many of the practical tasks will be observed while participating in hospitality industry

### **Pathways**

The SIT20322 Certificate II Hospitality will predominantly be used by students seeking to enter the Hospitality industry (restaurants, hotels, motels, catering operations, clubs, pubs, cafés, and coffee shops).

Students may also choose to continue their study by completing the Certificate III in Hospitality through the RTO in year 12 schooling.

#### Objectives

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants will receive a Certificate II in Hospitality.

#### Structure

A minimum of a C level of achievement in year 10 English is required for successful engagement and completion of this subject. A Language, Literacy and Numeracy

(LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content.

#### **Unit Codes**

Unit Codes and Unit Titles will be provided when this course is finalised.

#### Assessment

The program content has been packaged into 1 year. Assessment and training will be conducted at the school, MiHaven training and at various restaurants and cafés in the region. Under supervision, students will conduct a range of tasks including working with others, safe food practices, responsible services of alcohol and preparing food and beverage. Students will undertake work experience outside of their timetabled subject to deliver a range of services to the school community (students, teachers, and staff) and wider community.

Students will work in the school's canteen in CADPA, pop up stalls and various events including Sports Carnivals and parent engagement events.

completion of this course will contribute 4 QCE points to students learning accounts.

External RTO MiHaven https://www.mihaven.com.au/training

#### Fee

The VETiS program is funded by the Queensland Government to give eligible students funding to complete a Certificate I or II level qualification while attending secondary school. VETiS qualifications can be undertaken in years 10, 11 and 12. There will be a \$200 subject fee. Payment is due by Day 8 of start of Year 11 in 2025.

# SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport and Recreation

# **Certificate subject**

Certificate

This is a two-year course delivered by Tropical North Learning Academy - Smithfield State High School (RTO 30496). SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport Recreation provides students with a contextualised strengths-based inquiry of the various determinants that create and promote lifelong health, learning and active citizenship.

SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport Recreation uses an inquiry approach informed by the practical experiences that investigate sustainable health change at personal and community levels.

Students focus on the understanding of the development of what it means to achieve overall health with practical based activities used in conjunction with theoretical frameworks to develop students understanding of a broad range of health topics and lead them into a variety of reactional sport-based pathways.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport Recreation can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of public health, event organisation, health education, recreational sports and sport coaching.

### **Objectives**

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants will receive a SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport Recreation.

#### Structure

A minimum of a C level of achievement in year 10 English and HPE (Applied) is required for successful engagement and completion of this subject. All students will require a Blue Card and laptop. This Certificate cannot be studied in conjunction with Sport and Recreation (Outdoor Education). This qualification consists of 8 core and 5 elective units of competency. For the Certificate to be awarded, all units must be completed to a satisfactory standard.

Unit Code	Unit Title	
HLTWHS001	Participate in workplace health and safety	Core
SISOFLD001	Assist in conducting recreation sessions	Core
SISXCCS004	Provide quality service	Core
SISXEMR003	Respond to emergency situations	Core
SISXFAC006	Maintain activity equipment	Core
SISXIND011	Maintain sport, fitness and recreation industry knowledge	Core
SIFCBGM001	Provide general grounds care	Elective
SISXFAC007	Maintain clean facilities	Elective
SISSSCO001	Conduct sport coaching sessions with foundation level participants	Imported Elective
SISSSOF003	Officiate sport competitions	Imported Elective

#### **Assessment**

This qualification is assessed via a series of projects. Each project aims to assess the different units of competency to suit their relevant context. For students to pass, they must be able to repeatedly demonstrate each unit with competency over a range of assignments and practical situations.

Your student MUST HAVE ACCESS TO A LAPTOP to complete this certificate qualification.

### Fee

While there are no fees, other costs for will be incurred in this course.

# SIT20122 Certificate II in Tourism

# **Certificate subject**

Certificate

This is a two-year certificate delivered by Tropical North Learning Academy - Smithfield State High School (RTO 30496). SIT20122 Certificate II in Tourism course is the perfect avenue to develop research, service and operational skills in the tourism industry. Get the inside edge on industry knowledge and learn how to research current tourism trends and source and provide visitor information. Students are encouraged to engage in work experience to further their skills and knowledge, and to provide a pathway into employment in the Tourism industry.

### **Pathways**

This qualification provides a pathway to work in organisations such as a tour wholesaler or travel agency, museum attendant and tour operator. After achieving SIT20122 Certificate II in Tourism, individuals could progress to a wide range of other qualifications in the tourism and broader service industries.

### **Objectives**

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants will receive a SIT20122 Certificate II in Tourism.

#### Structure

A minimum of a C level of achievement in year 10 English or Essential English is required. This certificate is made up of 4 core units and 7 elective units of competency. For the Certificate to be awarded, all units must be completed to a satisfactory standard.

Unit Code	Unit Title	
SITTIND003	Source and use information on the tourism and travel industry	Core
SITXCCS009	Provide customer information and assistance	Core
SITXCCS011	Interact with customers	Core
SITXCOM007	Show social and cultural sensitivity	Core
SITXWHS005	Participate in safe work practices	Core
BSBTWK201	Work effectively with others	Elective
SITHFAB021	Provide responsible service of alcohol	Elective
SITTGDE015	Provide arrival and departure assistance	Elective
SITTTVL001	Access and interpret product information	Elective
SITXCOM006	Source and present information	Elective
SITXCOM008	Provide a briefing or scripted commentary	Elective

#### **Assessment**

Assessment in this course will be competency based, in that the student will be required to demonstrate competency in a range of tasks. The assessment coding which will apply is either C or WTC, where C is Competent and WTC is Working Towards Competency.

Assessment strategies encompass a range of techniques, which include, but are not limited to the use of:

- Direct observation of performance
- · Simulations of workplace activities
- · Oral questioning
- · Practical exercises
- Projects/assignments
- Work portfolios

Your student MUST HAVE ACCESS TO A LAPTOP to complete this certificate qualification.

### Fee

The cost to complete the SIT20122 Certificate II in Tourism is \$550.00 (\$275 each year), which includes completion of the Responsible Service of Alcohol (RSA) unit through an external provider and excursions. Payment of \$275 is due by Day 8 of start of Year 11 in 2025.

# **BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills**

# **Certificate subject**

Certificate

This is a two-year certificate delivered by Tropical North Learning Academy - Smithfield State High School (RTO 30496). The BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills is the perfect avenue for students to develop knowledge and skills for entry level positions, specifically administration.

### **Pathways**

This qualification provides a pathway to gain employment in entry level roles. Additional possibilities include the potential for further study in a SIT20122 Certificate II in Tourism and/or BSB30120 Certificate III in Business.

### **Objectives**

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants will receive a BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills.

#### Structure

A minimum of a C level of achievement in year 10 English or Essential English and Mathematics is required for successful engagement and completion of this subject. This qualification consists of 5 core and 5 elective units of competency. For the Certificate to be awarded, all units must be completed to a satisfactory standard.

Unit Code	Unit Title	
BSBCMM211	Apply communication skills	Core
BSBOPS201	Work effectively in business environments	Core
BSBPEF202	Plan and apply time management	Core
BSBSUS211	Participate in sustainable work practices	Core
BSBWHS211	Contribute to the health and safety of self and others	Core
BSBPEF101	Plan and prepare for work readiness	Elective
BSBPEF201	Support personal wellbeing in the workplace	Elective
BSBTEC201	Use business software applications	Elective
BSBTEC202	Use digital technologies to communicate in a work environment	Elective
BSBTWK201	Work effectively with others	Elective

#### Assessment

Assessment in this course will be competency based, in that the student will be required to demonstrate competency in a range of tasks. The assessment coding which will apply is either C or WTC, where C is Competent and WTC is Working Towards Competency.

Assessment strategies encompass a range of techniques, which include, but are not limited to the use of:

- Direct observation of performance
- Simulations of workplace activities
- · Oral questioning
- Practical exercises
- Projects/assignments
- Work portfolios

Your student MUST HAVE ACCESS TO A LAPTOP to complete this certificate qualification.

#### Fee

The cost to complete the BSB20120 Certificate II in Workplace Skills is \$500.00 (\$250 each year). Payment of \$250 is due by Day 8 of start of Year 11 in 2025.

# **Version history**

Version	Date of change	Update
1.2	May 2018	Addition of four General senior external examination subjects in Languages: Chinese, Indonesian, Korean and Vietnamese.
1.3	August 2018	Updated to reflect changes to syllabuses.
1.4	February/March 2019	Updated to include General senior external examination subjects (SEEs) in 12 non-language subjects and six interstate 'borrowed' language subjects.  General review of wording, layout and sequencing.  Re-ordering of subjects.
1.5	November 2019	Statement of results replaced with Senior Statement.
1.6	July 2020	Corrected an error in information for Ancient History General Senior Syllabus.  Updated the naming convention for senior external examinations.
1.7	August 2020	Removal of the Visual Art SEE.
1.8	April 2023	Updated to reflect changes made to Applied syllabuses, the retirement of some SEE syllabuses and the development of Tamil SEE.
1.9	April 2024	Updated to reflect changes made to the revised General, Applied (Essential) and Short Course syllabuses.

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